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# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. 1807.0631

First Named Inventor or Application Identifier

STEPHANE AMARGER ET AL.

Express Mail Label No.

## APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

## ADDRESS TO:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, DC 20231

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form  
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)

2. ☒ Specification Total Pages 46

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) Total Sheets 13

4. ☒ Oath or Declaration Total Pages 1

a. ☐ Newly executed (copy)

b. ☒ Unexecuted for information purposes

c. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))  
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)  
[Note Box 5 below]

i. ☐ **DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)**  
Signed Statement attached deleting  
inventor(s) named in the prior application,  
see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4c is checked)  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of  
the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4c, is considered as  
being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is  
hereby incorporated by reference therein.

6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)

7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission  
(if applicable, all necessary)

a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy

b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)

c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

## ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))

9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement ☐ Power of Attorney  
(when there is an assignee)

10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)

11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations

12. ☒ Preliminary Amendment

13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)  
(Should be specifically itemized)

14. ☐ Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application  
Status still proper and desired

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)  
(if foreign priority is claimed)

16. ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation

☐ Divisional

☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP)

of prior application No. \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

## 18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

☒ Customer Number or Bar Code Label

05514  
(Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here)

or ☐ Correspondence address below

NAME

Address

City

State

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CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	47-20 =	27	X \$ 18.00 =	\$486.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 cfr 1.16(b))	4-3 =	1	X \$ 78.00 =	\$78.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			\$260.00 =	\$
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	\$760.00
			Total of above Calculations = \$1,324.00		
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				
	TOTAL =				\$1,324.00

19. Small entity status

- a. ☐ A Small entity statement is enclosed
- b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c. ☐ Is no longer claimed.

20. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 1,324.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.

21. ☐ A check in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the recordal fee is enclosed.

22. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge any additional fees to Deposit Account No. 06-1205 as follows:

- a. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
- b. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.17.
- c. ☐ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.18.

**SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED**

NAME	Jack M. Arnold
SIGNATURE	<i>Jack M. Arnold Reg. # 25,823</i>
DATE	December 22, 1998

F501VA627879\MD

1807.0631

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: )  
STEPHANE AMARGER ET AL. ) : Examiner: NYA  
Application No.: NYA ) : Group Art Unit: NYA  
Filed: HEREWITH ) :  
For: METHOD AND DEVICE FOR ) :  
CONTROLLING DATA ) :  
PROCESSING ) December 22, 1998

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Sir:

Preliminary to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend Claims 1-47 as follows:

1. (Amended) [Device (801)] A device for determining conditions for processing [liable] to be carried out on data in a file [(104)], by at least one input/output means [(111,807,807)] which modulates a physical quantity, [characterised in that it has] comprising:

[- a] means [(800,804,805 of] for determining [the] semantics of the processing of the [said] the data, and

[- a] configuration determination means [(800,804,805)] adapted, without modifying the [said] data, to take into account the semantics of the [said] processing

of the [said] data [in order to determine the] for  
determining a configuration of [the] a pilot of the  
input/output means designated to implement [this] the  
processing.

2. (Amended) [Device] The device according to  
Claim 1, [characterised in that] wherein:

[-] the processing is [able to be] carried out by  
at least two input/output means [807, 809)], and

[-] the pilot configuration used by the  
configuration determination means [800,804,805)] includes  
[the] selection of the input/output means intended to  
implement the [said] processing.

3. (Amended) [Device] the device according to  
[either one of Claims 1 or 2, characterised in that] Claim 1,  
including:

[- it has a] means [(800, 804, 805, 806, 810,  
811)] of dialoguing with [the] a user adapted to transmit  
questions to the user and to receive information from [him]  
the user in response, and

[-] the configuration determination means  
[(800, 804, 805)] is also adapted to take into account the  
information received in response from the user in order to  
determine the pilot configuration.

4. (Amended) [Device] The device according to  
Claim 3, [characterised in that it has] including a memory  
[(804)] adapted to store information received in response  
from the user.

5. (Amended) [Device] The device according to Claim 4, [characterised in that the] wherein said memory [(804)] is adapted [also] to also store, associated with each item of information received, an item of information representing the user who supplied it.

6. (Amended) [Device] The device according to [either one of Claims 4 or 5, characterised in that the] Claim 4, wherein said memory [(804)] is adapted [also] to also store associated with each item of information received, an item of information representing [the] a concerned document [concerned].

7. (Amended) [Device] The device according to [any one of Claims 1 to 6 characterised in that it has a] Claim 1, including pilot updating means [(800, 804, 805) adapted] for:

[-] on the one hand to detect that a pilot of the input/output means intended to implement the [said] processing is not available or is not up to date in a memory [(804)], and

[-] on the other hand, to read the [said] pilot in another memory.

8. (Amended) [Device] The device according to [any one of Claims 1 to 7, characterised in that] Claim 1, including:

[- it has a] means [(800, 804,805) of] for checking [the] an availability of input/output means adapted to transmit an item of information representing

unavailability for processing of the [said] data, when the means [(807)] intended to process the [said] data is not available for this purpose; and

[-] the determination means [(800, 804, 805)] is adapted to take into account the unavailability information in order to determine [the] a configuration of another input/output means [(809) able to implement] for implementing the [said] processing of the [said] data.

9. (Amended) [Device] A device for determining [the] conditions of [a] processing [liable] to be carried out on data of a document, by at least one input/output means [(907, 909)] which uses a physical quantity, [characterised in that it has] comprising:

[- a] quantity determination means [of] for determining at least two quantities related to the [said] document [(900, 904, 905,)],

[- a] means [of] for estimating [the] content of [this] the document [(900, 904, 905), adapted to take] for taking into account each [said quantity] of the at least two quantities, and

[- a] pilot configuration determination means [900, 904, 905) adapted to take] for taking into account the content of the document in order to determined [the] a configuration of the pilot of the input output means intended to implement [this] the processing.

10. (Amended) [Device] The device according to Claim 9, [characterised in that] wherein the quantity

determination means is adapted to scrutinise data of the [said] document which are directly accessible to a user.

11. (Amended) [Device] The device according to [either one of Claims 9 or 10, characterised in that] Claim 9, wherein the quantity determination means is adapted to function without using a software application able to make it possible to modify the content of the [said] document.

12. (Amended) [Device] The device according to [any one of Claim 9 to 11, characterised in that] Claim 9, wherein the quantity determination means is adapted to read at least one quantity in a file.

13. (Amended) [Device] The device according to [any one of Claims 9 to 12, characterised in that] Claim 9, wherein:

[-] the processing [can be] is carried out by at least input/output means [(907, 909)], and

[-] the pilot configuration determination means is adapted to select an input/output means designed to implement the [said] process.

14. (Amended) [Device] The device according to [any one of Claim 9 to 13, characterised in that] wherein the quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the [said] quantities represents [the] a number of pages in the document represented by the [said] document.

15. (Amended) [Device] A device according to [any one of Claims 9 to 14, characterised in that] Claim 9, wherein the quantity determination means is adapted so that

one of the [said] quantities represents [the] a number of digital information items in the [said] document.

16. (Amended) [Device] A device according to [any one of Claims 9 to 15, characterised in that] Claim 9, wherein the quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the [said] quantities represents a time taken to open the [said] document by software able to modify [the] content thereof.

17. (Amended) [Device] A device according to [any one of Claims 9 to 16, characterised in that] Claim 9, wherein the quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the [said] quantities represents a degree of compression [able] to be obtained on the [said] document using predetermined compression software.

18. (Amended) [Device] The device according to [any one of Claims 9 to 17, characterised in that] Claim 9, wherein the quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the [said] quantities represents a period of time necessary for [the] compression of the [said] document, by predetermined compression software.

19. (amended) [Device] The device according to [any one of Claims 9 to 18, characterised in that it includes] Claim 9, including a means of determining parts [990, 904, 905)] of the [said] document, [and in that] wherein:



[-] the determination means is adapted to determine at least two quantities relating to each of the [said] parts,

[-] the content estimation means is adapted to estimate [the] content of each of the [said] parts, taking into account each [said] quantity relating to the [said] part, and

[-] the configuration determination means is adapted to take into account [the] content of the [said] part in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input output means intended to implement [this] the processing on the [said] part.

20. (Amended) [Printer.] A printer characterised in that it has a device according to [any one of Claims 1 to 19] Claim 1.

21. (Amended) [Facsimile] A facsimile machine, characterised in that it has a device according to [any one of Claims 1 to 19] Claim 1.

22. (Amended) [Modulator] A modulator-demodulator, characterised in that it has a device according to [any one of Claims 1 to 19] Claim 1.

23. (Amended) [Display] A display screen, characterised in that it has a device according to [any one of Claims 1 to 19] Claim 1.

24. (Amended) [Photographic] A photographic apparatus, characterised in that it has a device according to [any one of Claim 1 to 19] Claim 1.

25. (Amended) [Camera] A camera having an image sensor, characterised in that it includes a device according to [any one of Claims 1 to 19] Claim 1.

26. (Amended) [Method for] A method of determining conditions for processing [liable] to be carried out on data in a file [(104)], by at least one input/output means [(111, 807, 809)] which modulates a physical quantity, [characterised in that it has] comprising:

[-] a step [(105, 106)] of determining [the] semantics of the processing of the [said] data, and

[-] a pilot configuration determination step [(107)] during which, without modifying the [said] data [(104)], the semantics of the [said] processing of the [said] data is taken into account [in order to determined], of determining the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means designated to implement [this] the processing.

27. (Amended) [Method] The method according to Claim 26, [characterised in that] wherein:

[-] the processing is [able to be] carried out by at least two input/output means [(807, 809)], and

[-] the pilot configuration determination [operation (107)] step includes a step of [selection of] selecting the input/output means intended to implement the [said] processing.

28. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [either one of Claims 26 or 17, characterised in that] including:

[- it includes] an operation [(105)] step of dialoguing with [the] a user during which questions are transmitted to the user and information is received from [him] the user in response, and

[-] wherein the configuration determination [operation (107)] step also includes taking into account the information received in a response from the user in order to determine the pilot configuration.

29. (Amended) [Method] The method according to Claim 28, [characterised in that it includes] including a step [(105, 207)] of storing information received in a response from the user.

30. (Amended) [Method] The method according to Claim 29, [characterised in that the] wherein said storage step [(207)] also includes associating, with each item of information received, [and] an item of information representing the user who supplied it.

31. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [either one of Claims 29 or 30, characterised in that the] Claim 29, wherein said storage step [(207)] also includes associating, with each item of information received, an item of information representing [the] a concerned document [concerned].

32. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claims 26, 31, characterised in that it includes] Claim 26, including a pilot updating step [(101, 102, 602, 605)] during which:

[-] on the one hand [it is detected] detecting that a pilot of the input/output means intended to implement the [said] processing is not available or is not up to date in a memory, and

[-] on the other hand, the [said] pilot is read in another memory.

33. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claims 26 to 32, characterised in that] Claim 26, including:

[- it includes an operation of] checking [the] availability of input/output means [(807, 809)] during which an item of information representing unavailability for the processing of the [said] data is transmitted, when the means [(807)] intended to process the [said] data is not available for this purpose; and

[-] during the [determination operation (107)] determining step, taking into account, the unavailability information [is taken into account] in order to determine the configuration of another input output means [(809) able to implement] for implementing the [said] processing of the [said] data.

34. (Amended) [Method] A method of determining [the] conditions of a processing [liable] to be carried out

on data of a document, by at least one input/output means [(907, 909)] which uses a physical quantity, [characterised in that it includes] comprising:

[- an operation] a quantity determination step of determining at least two quantities related to the [said] document [(1003, 1004, 1006, 1007, 1010, 1011, 1020)],

[- an operation] a step of estimating [the] content of [this] the document, taking into account each [said] quantity [(1005, 1008, 1009, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1020, 1022), and

[-] a configuration determination [operation (1015, 1016, 1023, 1024)] step of, during which the content of the document is taken into account [in order to determine], determining the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement [this] the processing.

35. (Amended) [Method] The method according to Claim 34, [characterised in that] wherein the quantity determination [operation] step includes [an operation] a step of scrutinising [(103, 1004, 1006, 1007, 1010, 1011, 1020)] the data of the [said] document which are directly accessible to a user.

36. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [either one of Claims 34 or 35, characterised in that] wherein the quantity determination [operation (1003, 1004, 1006, 1007, 1020) can be] step is carried out without having

to use a software application able to make it possible to modify [the] content of the [said] document.

37. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claims 34 to 36, characterised in that the ] Claim 34, wherein the quantity determination [operation] step includes [an operation (1003, 1004, 1007)] a step of reading at least one quantity in a file.

38. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claims 34 to 37, characterised in that] Claim 34, wherein:

[-] the processing is [able to be] carried out by at least two input/output means [(907, 909)], and

[-] the pilot configuration determination [operation] step includes [an operation (1015, 1023)] a step of selecting the input/output means intended to implement the [said] processing.

39. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claims 34 to 38, characterised in that], wherein during the quantity determination [operation (1003)] step, one of the [said] quantities represents [the] a number of pages in the document represented by the [said] document.

40. (Amended) [Method] A method according to [any one of Claims 34 to 39, characterised in that] Claim 34, wherein during the quantity determination operation [(1004)], one of the [said] quantities represents [the] a number of digital information items in the [said] document.

41. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claims 34 to 40, characterised in that] Claim 34, wherein during the quantity determination [operation (1010, 1011)] step one of the [said] quantities represents a time taken to open the [said] document by software able to modify [the] content thereof.

42. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of the Claims 34 to 41, characterised in that] Claim 34, wherein during the quantity determination [operation (1006, 1007)] step one of the [said] quantities represents a degree of compression [able] to be obtained on the [said] document by using predetermined compression software.

43. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of the Claims 34 to 42, characterised in that] Claim 34, wherein during the quantity determination [operation (1006, 1007)] step one of the [said] quantities represents a time necessary for [the] compression of the [said] document, by predetermined compression software.

44. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claims 34 to 43, characterised in that it includes an operation 91017, 1025)] Claim 34, including a step of printing the [said] document.

45. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claim 34 to 43, characterised in that it includes an operation] Claim 34, including a step of compressing the data representing the [said] document.

46. (Amended) [Method] The method according to [any one of Claims 34 to 45, characterised in that it includes an operation] Claim 34, including a step of determining parts of the document [(1018)] and, for each of the [said] parts, performing:

[- an operation] a step of determining at least two quantities related to the [said] part [(1020)],

[- an operation] a step of estimating [the] content of the [said] part [(1021, 1022)], taking into account each quantity related to the [said] part, and

[-] a configuration determination [operation (1023, 1024)] step of, during which the content of the [said] part is taken into account [in order to determine], determining the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement [this] the processing on the [said] part.

47. (Amended) [Method] The method according to Claim 46, [characterized in that] wherein during the part determination [operation (1018)] step, pages of the document are determined.

#### REMARKS

By this preliminary amendment, each of the active Claims 1-47 have been amended to make them clearer and to ensure that they conform fully to the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph.

Claims 1, 9, 26 and 34 are the only independent claims.



Applicants respectfully request favorable consideration and early passage to issue of the present application.

Applicants' undersigned attorney may be reached in our New York office by telephone at (212) 218-2100. All correspondence should continue to be directed to our below listed address.

Respectfully submitted,

  
Attorney for Applicants

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CFP 0631US/0746  
CRF-123/150  
BIF000387/US

# **PATENT**

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## **APPLICANTS**

Stéphane AMARGER  
François DELUMEAU

## **TITLE**

"Method and device for controlling data processing"

SECRET 69002250

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10 The present invention concerns a method and device for  
controlling the processing of an electronic document. It should be stated here  
that an electronic document consists of one or more electronic files.

In the computer systems known at the present time, the peripherals  
generally have parameterizable operating modes whose parameters are fixed

- 15
- either at the time of manufacture of the peripheral,
  - or, by default, by the central unit of the computer system,
  - or by a dialogue between the user and this computer system.

The operating mode used does not then directly take account of  
the purpose of the processing, the nature of the data to be processed or the  
20 constraints in processing these data by this peripheral.

In particular, in the case of a peripheral consisting of a printer, the  
constraints imposed by the printing of a document including images, for  
example the constraints of the duration of printing, the restoration of shades  
or the quantity of information to be processed, are not directly taken into  
25 account by the computer systems in order to fix the printing parameters.

Certain file transfer protocols automatically take into account the  
form, binary or otherwise, of a file to be transferred in order to configure a file  
transmission means, without taking into account their semantics.

30 Certain software packages, such as the "POWERPOINT"  
presentation software from the "MS OFFICE" software suite produced by the  
American company MICROSOFT, modify a file corresponding to a document  
currently being processed, according to models or document media choices.

This has the major drawback that the initial file is modified during the procedure.

Certain operating systems, such as the one known by the name "WINDOWS 95", produced by the American company MICROSOFT, take into account user profiles referenced at least by a user name and/or a password, which gives rise to a default configuration of the system for a given user. In particular, this defines a default printer. A printer is then chosen without taking account of the origin or destination of documents which will be printed.

The present invention sets out to remedy these drawbacks.

For this purpose, the present invention relates, according to a first of its aspects, to a device for determining conditions for processing liable to be carried out on data in a file, by at least one input/output means which modulates a physical quantity, characterised in that it has:

- a means of determining the semantics of the processing of the said data, and
- a configuration determination means adapted, without modifying said data, to take into account the semantics of said processing of said data in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means designed to implement this processing.

Correlatively, the present invention relates to a method for determining conditions for processing liable to be carried out on data in a file, by at least one input/output means which modulates a physical quantity, characterised in that it has:

- a step of determining the semantics of the processing of the said data, and
- a configuration determination step during which, without modifying said data, the semantics of said processing of said data taken into account in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means designed to implement this processing.

It should be noted here that the semantics of the processing of the file corresponds to the perception of the result of this processing. It therefore concerns:

- both the actual content of the file (a file principally consisting of an image, text, graphics, contrast, colour, etc)
- and the destination of the file (display, copy, printing, etc)
- or the origin of the file (the software which generates the data and the file, the author or the user of the file, etc).

The same file can therefore have successively different semantics and can give rise, according to the present invention, to different configurations of input/output means.

Using different files having the same destination can correspond to different semantics. The same applies to the same document used by different users.

The actual content is therefore different from the apparent content obtained by analysing solely the header or the extension of the file name.

It should be noted here that the pilot configuration concerns both:

- a pilot of an input/output means, which is configured, and
- several pilots of such means, which are chosen and possibly which are configured.

It should be noted here that, in the state of the art known at the date of the present invention, a pilot is a software module which is situated in a computer system having a processor, a module dedicated to communication with another system having its operating software for effecting a set of elementary operations.

The pilot translates a complex operation required by a high-level software application into a set of elementary operations which can be executed by the peripheral.

The configuration of a pilot amounts to the fixing of the values of each parameter of said translation. These parameters concern for example the translation of the font into a series of points able to be formed by the printer, or of the colour palette of the document into a colour palette of the printer.

Thus, when the invention is, for example, applied to a document to be printed, in order to choose the correct printer configuration:

- the document is analysed in order to determine semantic characteristics thereof,

- a correct printer configuration is deduced therefrom, and
- the printer is configured with the configuration data.

5 It should be noted here that the printer configuration concerns all the operating parameters, for both the choice of a paper tray and the functioning of the print head.

By virtue of these provisions, the invention makes it possible:

- to improve the print chain when a document is printed on a

10 printer;

- to choose the correct printer automatically;
- to choose the correct configuration of this printer automatically.

According to particular characteristics:

- the processing is able to be carried out by at least two

15 input/output means, and

- the pilot configuration used by the determination means includes the selection of the input/output means intended to implement the said processing.

20 By virtue of these provisions, the device according to the invention allows the automatic selection of the input/output means which is intended to implement the processing.

According to particular characteristics:

- the device as briefly disclosed above has means of dialoguing with the user adapted to transmit questions to the user and to receive

25 information from him in response, and

- the configuration determination means is also adapted to take into account the information received, in response, from the user in order to determine the pilot configuration.

30 By virtue of these provisions, supplementary information concerning the document can be captured by the user in order to remove any ambiguities or conflicts concerning the processing of the data.

According to particular characteristics, the device as briefly disclosed above has a memory adapted to store information received, in response, from the user.

By virtue of these provisions, the information stored in memory make it possible, when a question which has already been posed to a user must be posed to him again:

- either to avoid posing this question again,
- or to remind the user of a response which he has already made to this question,
- or to propose a response.

According to particular characteristics, said memory is adapted also to store, associated with each item of information received:

- an item of information representing the user who supplied it;
- and/or

- an item of information representing the document concerned.

By virtue of these provisions, the risk of error is limited when the response given the first time to a question is used under the same circumstances.

According to particular characteristics, the device as briefly disclosed above has a pilot updating means adapted:

- on the one hand to detect that a pilot of the input/output means intended to implement the said processing is not available or is not up to date in a memory, and
- on the other hand, to read the said pilot in another memory.

By virtue of these provisions, when the pilot of the input/output means to be used is not available or is not up to date, for example in a memory of a computer, it is transmitted, for example remotely, from a database constituting said other memory.

According to particular characteristics:

- the device as briefly disclosed above has a means of checking the availability of input/output means adapted to transmit an item of

information representing unavailability for the processing of said data, when the means intended to process said data is not available for this purpose; and

- the determination means is adapted to take into account the unavailability information in order to determine the configuration of another input/output means able to implement said processing of said data.

By virtue of these provisions, when an input/output means is not available, another input/output means is selected and configured in order to implement said processing of said data.

The present invention relates, according to another of its aspects, to a method of determining the conditions of a processing liable to be carried out on data of a document. by at least one input/output means which uses a physical quantity, characterised in that it includes:

- an operation of determining at least two quantities related to the said document,

- an operation of estimating the content of this document, taking into account each said quantity, and

- a configuration determination operation during which the content of the document is taken into account in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement this processing.

It should be stated here that:

- the content of a file corresponds to a format of the data which it contains. By way of example, this content may include text, graphics (or drawings) and/or images;

- the pilot configuration concerns both:

. a pilot of an input/output means, which is configured, and  
 . several pilots of such means, which are chosen and

possibly

which are configured; and

- the approximate methods based on estimations form part of the methods referred to as heuristic in the literature and make reference to decision criteria, methods or principles used for choosing which of various alternatives is the most effective for achieving an aim. A heuristic is a



compromise between on the one hand the need to use simple and/or rapid criteria and on the other hand to discriminate the best choice correctly.

Thus the result of the choice can prove to be ill-suited to the processing to be carried out, unlike exact determination methods, which determine a content in a certain manner.

The reader can refer to the book by Judea Pearl, "*Heuristics, intelligent search strategies for computer problem solving*", published by Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, for more information on the concepts of heuristics and approximate determination.

It should be noted here that, in the state of the art known at the date of the present invention, a pilot is a software module which is found in a computer system including a processor, a module dedicated to communication with another system having its operating software for performing a set of elementary operations.

The pilot translates a complex operation required by a high-level software application into a set of elementary operations which can be executed by the peripheral.

Configuring a pilot amounts to fixing the value of each parameter of the said translation. These parameters concern, for example, the translation of the character font into a series of dots able to be formed by the printer, or of the document colour palette into a colour palette of the printer.

Thus, when the invention is, for example, applied to a document to be printed, in order to choose the correct printer configuration:

- the document is analysed in order to determine quantities which correspond to it, such as the duration of opening of the file, the number of pages which it represents, the degree of compression which it is able to have with a given file compression algorithm, the number of numeric information items which it contains,

- an estimation of the content of the file is then deduced therefrom, text, graphics and/or images,

- at least one printer suited to this content is determined, which is configured for printing all or part of this document, and

- the printer is configured with the configuration data.

It should be stated here that the printer configuration concerns all the operating parameters of the printer.

In the case of the printing of a document, the invention makes it possible:

- to improve the print chain, and
- automatically to choose the correct configuration of this printer.

According to particular characteristics, the quantity determination operation includes an operation of scrutinising the data of the said document which are directly accessible to a user.

By virtue of these provisions, the quantities considered represent the data which are directly accessible to the user. They are therefore more precise for determining the content of the document.

According to particular characteristics, the estimation operation is able to be carried out without having to use a software application able to make it possible to modify the content of the said document.

By virtue of these provisions, the estimation time does not include any time for opening the document with a complex software application. It is therefore fast.

According to particular characteristics, the estimation operation includes an operation of reading at least one physical quantity in a file.

By virtue of these provisions, obtaining this physical quantity is particularly easy and fast.

According to particular characteristics,

- the processing is able to be carried out by at least two input/output means, and

- the pilot configuration determination operation includes an operation of selecting the input/output means intended to implement the said processing.

By virtue of these provisions, the device according to the invention allows the automatic selection of the input/output means which is intended to

implement the processing and, in the case of printing, the printer which is most suited to all or part of the document under consideration.

According to particular characteristics:

- one of the said quantities represents the number of pages of the document represented by the said document, and/or
- one of the said quantities represents the number of numeric information items in the said document.

By virtue of these provisions:

- a ratio of the other quantity to that which represents the size of the document, by number of pages or by number of information items, can be produced, and thus the determination of the content of the document can be made independent of the number of pages of this document, and/or

- a ratio of the number of numeric information items necessary for the description of a page of the document can be calculated. This is because, in general, documents consisting exclusively of images (for example photographs) use a larger number of numeric data per page than those consisting of drawings, and the latter use more than the documents consisting of text. This ratio therefore makes it possible to estimate the content of the document.

According to particular characteristics, one of the said quantities represents a time taken to open the said document by software able to modify the content thereof.

By virtue of these provisions, the documents which have been created by using this software or which can be modified by the use of this software, can be discriminated from the other documents. This is because, for equal numbers of numeric information items, the time of opening of the first is, at the time of the present invention, generally less than the time of opening of the second ones.

According to particular characteristics:

- the ratio of the said quantities represents a degree of compression able to be obtained on the said document by using predetermined compression software, and/or

- one of the said quantities represents a time necessary for the compression of the said document by predetermined compression software.

By virtue of these provisions, the content of the document can be determined since, in general, the best degrees of compression and the shortest compression times are obtained with documents whose content is formed by images and then with documents whose content is formed by drawings and then with documents whose content is formed by text.

According to particular characteristics, the method as briefly disclosed above includes an operation of determining parts of the document and, for each of the said parts:

- an operation of determining at least two quantities related to the said part,

- an operation of estimating the content of the said part, taking into account each quantity related to the said part, and

- a configuration determination operation during which the content of the said part is taken into account in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement this processing on the said part.

By virtue of these provisions, for the processing of each part, for example of each page, the choice of the input/output means and/or the configuration of the input/output pilot can be optimised for each part of the document to be processed.

According to another aspect, the invention relates to a device for determining the conditions of a processing liable to be carried out on data of a document, by at least one input/output means which uses a physical quantity, characterised in that it has:

- a means of determining at least two quantities related to the said document,

- a means of estimating the content of this document, adapted to take into account each said quantity, and

- a configuration determination means adapted to take into account the content of the document in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement this processing.

The invention also relates to a printer, a facsimile machine, facsimile card, a modem, a display screen, a photographic apparatus and a camera including a sensor, characterised in that they include a device as briefly disclosed above.

According to another aspect, the invention also relates to:

- a computer program supported by an information medium, such as a diskette or a compact disc, characterised in that it implements the method of the invention as briefly disclosed above; and

- a memory, such as a diskette or a compact disc intended to be read by a data processing system, characterised in that it supports program instructions whose execution by said processing system implements the method of the invention as briefly disclosed above.

The invention will be understood more clearly from a reading of the description which follows, given with regard to the accompanying drawings, in which:

- Figure 1 depicts a flow diagram of the print chain for a document according to the present invention;

- Figure 2 details part of Figure 1;

- Figure 3 details part of Figure 1;

- Figure 4 details part of Figure 1;

- Figure 5 depicts, in more detail, part of Figure 3;

- Figure 6 details part of Figure 1;

- Figure 7 details an operation in Figures 1 and 6;

- Figure 8 depicts a device adapted to implement the present invention;

- Figure 9 depicts a device adapted to implement the present invention (two printers, one a laser printer and one an ink jet printer, with two operating modes, monochrome and colour),

- Figures 10A and 10B depict a flow diagram for the operation of the device illustrated in Figure 9, and

- Figures 11A and 11B depict flow diagrams for determining thresholds liable to be implemented in the flow diagram illustrated in Figure

5 10.

In the first embodiment described and depicted with regards to figs 1 to 8, the file processing consists of an application of printing data represented by this file. The invention applies, however, also to any processing of data capture, data transmission, data display, data reading or  
10 data storage.

In the remainder of the description, the term "knowledge" is employed to define an item of information which concerns several data items and which relates to their source, their destination or their processing. modification of an item of knowledge does not modify the meaning of the data  
15 but relates to their presentation, that is to say to the manner in which they are made available, transmitted, captured, read or stored.

In the example described and depicted, the items of knowledge, also referred to as "characteristics", related to a document which a user wishes to print, are, in particular:

- 20 - the user identifier,
- the choice between a printing of the "rough draft" type and a printing of the "final document" type.
- the choice between a transparent print medium and a paper print medium,
- 25 - the colour of the medium,
- the fact that the proximity of the printer is required,
- the fact that the printing time is crucial
- the choice of the print format,
- the required reduction ratio:
- 30 - the choice between printing on both sides and printing on the front face only,
- the proportion of text in the document,

- the proportion of image in the document,
- the proportion of graphics in the document,
- the size of the document,
- the printing resolution necessary for the document.

5           Figure 1 depicts operations which are implemented as soon as a user 103 requests a processing (here a printing) of a document 104 consisting of a file stored in a random access memory of the device of the invention, and coming from software of a known type, for example a spreadsheet, a drawing program or wordprocessor software:

- 10           - an operation 105 of interrogating the user (also referred to as a "user" interface) enabling the user 103 to communicate with the device of the invention (a function partially detailed in Figure 2),
- a document analysis operation 106 which works on the document 104, detailed in Figures 3 and 5,
- 15           - a configuration determination operation 107, detailed in Figure 4 and acting on the one hand on the information given by the user 103 by known input means and on the other hand on the results of the document analysis operation 106 in order to determine on the one hand a printer adapted to the printing of the document and on the other hand the
- 20           configuration of this printer,
- a printer pilot availability test 108 performed after the configuration determination operation,
- and, when the printer pilot considered is not available:
- a pilot updating operation 101, detailed in Figure 7,
- 25           • a pilot installation operation 102, of a known type
- and, when the test 108 determines that the printer pilot is available and the operation 102 has been performed:
- a pilot configuration operation 109, detailed in Figure 6, and
- 30           • a printing operation 110, of a known type, enabling a printer 111 to supply a printed document 112.

The user 103 uses known means (keyboard, mouse, touch screen, microphone, etc) for replying to the questions posed by a computer (see Figure 8) which implements the present invention in the context of a user interrogation operation 105 or the configuration determination operation 107.

5 A document database 808 (Figure 8) is structured in a known fashion. It stores, for each document 104 already printed, a quadruplet consisting of:

- the identifier of the document,
- a list 309 of characteristics or knowledge of this document,
- 10 - the printer corresponding to the last printing, and
- the printer pilot configuration corresponding to the last printing.

The list of characteristics 309 includes the knowledge resulting from the analysis operation 106 and the knowledge resulting from the dialogue 105 with the user 103, this knowledge being associated with an item  
15 of information identifying the user.

The pilot availability test 108 consists of seeking, in the random access memory of the computer which implements the method of the present invention, whether the pilot of the printer selected, during the operation 107, is available or not.

20 The pilot configuration operation 109 consists of copying, in registers reserved for this purpose, values of information which represent operating parameters of a printer intended to print the document 104.

The print operation 110 consists of sending to the printer 111, when it is configured, the data of the file representing the document to be  
25 printed 104.

As a variant, the print operation 110 includes a printer availability test and, when the printer is not available, the choice of a printer whose technical capabilities are such that, after the configuration of this new printer, the characteristics of this printed document will be close to the result  
30 expected by the user.

To this end, the print operation 110 includes:



- a step of checking the availability of the input/output means selected, during which the availability of the input/output means (that is to say here of the printer) is checked and there is received, from this means, an item of information representing unavailability for the processing of said data, when it is not available for this purpose;

- the determination means takes the unavailability information into account in order to determine the configuration of another input/output means able to implement said processing of said data.

In the embodiment described and depicted, in order to effect the choice of the other printer able to print the document 104, when the printer selected during operation 107 is not available, the print operation 110 include the same steps as the operation 107 (see Figures 2 and 4), knowing that another document corresponding to the unavailable printer is not considered in these steps, and next returns to operation 108.

When the printer initially selected is not available, it is therefore, iteratively, the printer which, amongst those which remain, is capable of supplying the document which corresponds most closely to the wishes of the user, which is chosen, configured and used.

Figure 2, which details part of Figure 1, shows, for each question 201 posed to the user, a test 202 which determines whether a response has already been given to said question.

It should be noted here that the questions posed to the user, during operation 105, concern the semantics of the processing of the document 104:

- *"rough draft or final document?"*
- *"printing medium transparent or paper?"*
- *"colour of medium?"*
- *"proximity of printer required?"*
- *"printing time crucial?"*
- *"print format?"*
- *"reduction ratio required?"*
- *"printing on both sides or solely on front face?"*

In addition, the identifier of the user 103 is automatically supplied at the time of starting up the device of the invention,

- by recognition of the absence of a password,
- by the presence of a password which corresponds to a user, or
- 5       - by recognition of a memory card or any other known identification means, or
- through the response to an additional question concerning its identity.

During the test 202, the processor of the computer 100 (Figure 8) gains access, in the document data base 808, to a memory register which corresponds on the one hand to the user and on the other hand to the question under consideration. When this register is empty, the result of test 202 is negative and operation 204 is performed. When the register stores data representing a possible response to said question, the result of test 202 is positive and test 203 is performed.

Test 203 consists of transmitting to the user a question "*There already exists a stored response to this question. Should it be used?*", stating the question considered and the stored response.

When the user supplies a positive response, operation 205 is performed. When the user supplies a negative response, operation 204, which consists of displaying the question under consideration on the screen of the computer 100, is performed. Operation 205 consists of receiving the response made by the user, either following operation 204, the response from the user then being effected by using an input interface, or following the positive result of test 203, the response from the user then being read in the register disclosed above. Operation 207 then consists of storing, in said register, this response in the file corresponding to the question posed.

Operation 208 next consists of displaying the response on the screen of the computer 100.

It will be understood that the use of the user interface illustrated in Figure 2 makes it possible to reduce the duration of capture of the responses,

since the questions has already been posed in the same context and the user desires to make the same response to it.

As a variant, a single global question can be used in place of all the tests 203 which correspond to the successive questions: "*use the response or responses already known*". The single response to this question then replaces each of the responses to tests 203.

Figure 3 depicts in more detail the document analysis step 106 (Figure 1).

A document 104 being considered, a document origin determination operation 301 is performed (see Figure 5) in order to determine with which software the document 104 was generated.

Next, an operation 302 consists of determining a proportion of text in the file 104 under consideration.

Next, an operation 303 consists of determining a proportion of image in the file 104 under consideration.

Next, an operation 304 consists of determining a proportion of graphics in the file 104 under consideration.

These operations 302 to 304 are performed by analysing the file (a so-called GDI file) which in fact contains references to the nature of the objects which it incorporates.

In fact, in a known fashion, a page consists of a certain number of boxes and each box corresponds to an object of a certain type or coming from a certain application. For example, a given page can include simultaneously:

- "image" zones whose content is described, in the file, as an image,
- "text" zones, whose content is described, in the file, as text, and
- "graphics" zones whose content is described, in the file, as a graphic.

Knowing the dimensions of each box, or zone, and their type ("image", "text" or "graphic"), the processor 100 (Figure 8) determines the proportions of these three types of zone in the document 104 to be printed.

Next, an operation 305 determines document size information, in the form of a pair representing on the one hand the number of pages in the document 104 and on the other hand the number of bytes in the document 104.

5 Then an operation 306 consists of determining the necessary resolution by reading this information, whose unit is the number of points per unit length, in the file corresponding to document 104.

Next, an operation 307 consists of determining the print medium, by reading this information in the file of the document 104. It should be noted  
10 here that this information is available only in documents generated by certain particular software packages. By default, that is to say where said information is not available in the file 104, the paper medium is selected.

Then the operation 308 consists of storing in the memory of the processor 100 (Figure 8), in a list of characteristics 309 associated with the  
15 document 104 under consideration, in the document database 808 containing the knowledge obtained during the operations 301 to 307.

Figure 4 depicts, in more detail, the knowledge processing operation 107.

A document database 808 including the quadruplets consisting of:

- identifiers of documents already printed,
- characteristics of these documents,
- the printer corresponding to the last printing, and
- the printer pilot configuration corresponding to the last printing,

it being considered, the following operations are successively performed,  
25 considering a document 104 and its own characteristics stored, in a list 309.

During an operation 401, all the documents which have the same proportion of texts as the proportion of text stored in the list of characteristics 309, are selected. To this end, the proportions of texts are successively compared and, when their difference is less, in percentage terms, than a first  
30 predetermined threshold value, the document is selected. By way of example, a first threshold value of 15% can be used. A list of documents 402 having the same proportion of text is thus constituted.

Next, during an operation 403, all the document which have the same proportion of image as the proportion of image stored in the list of characteristics 309 are selected. To this end, the image proportions are successively compared and when their difference is less, in percentage terms, than a second predetermined threshold value (for example 15%), the document is selected. A list of documents 404 having the same proportion of image is thus constituted.

Then, during an operation 430, all the documents which have the same proportion of graphics as the proportion of graphics stored in the list of characteristics 309 are selected. To this end, the proportions of graphics are successively compared and when their difference is less, in percentage terms, than a third predetermined threshold value (for example 15%), the document is selected. A list of documents 431 having the same proportion of graphics is thus constituted.

Then, during an operation 405, all the documents which have the same colour palette as that stored in the list of characteristics 309 are selected. To this end, the colour palettes are successively compared and when they are identical the document is selected. A list of documents 406 having the same colour palette is thus constituted.

Next, during an operation 407, all the document which have the same size as the size stored in the list of characteristics 309 are selected. To this end, the sizes are successively compared and when their difference is less, in percentage terms, then a fourth predetermined threshold value (for example 15%) the document is selected. A list of documents 408 having the same size is thus constituted.

Then, during an operation 409, all the document which have the same resolution as the resolution stored in the list of characteristics 309 are selected. To this end, the resolutions are successively compared and when their difference is less, in percentage terms, than a fifth predetermined threshold value (for example 15%) the document is selected. A list of documents 410 having the same text resolution is thus constituted.

Then, during an operation 411, all the documents which have the same medium as the one stored in the list of characteristics 309 are selected. To this end, the information media are successively compared and, when they are identical, the document is selected. A list of documents 412 having the same print medium is thus constituted.

For the purpose of clarity of the description, the determination of the lists of documents concerning the other characteristics, in particular those resulting from the dialogue 105, are not depicted in Figure 4. Each of them is effected in the same way as the list 412, selecting all the documents which have, for said characteristic under consideration, the same value as that stored in the list of characteristics 309, comparing them successively. Lists of documents 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, and 447 are thus constituted, corresponding respectively to the responses to the question posed during operation 105:

- *"rough draft or final document?"*
  - *"colour of medium?"*
  - *"proximity of printer required?"*
  - *"printing time crucial?"*
  - *"print format?"*
  - *"reduction ratio required?"*
  - *"printing on both sides or solely on front face?"*
- and to the identification of the user.

Next, during a test 413, the processor 100 (Figure 8) determines whether the documents which belong to the largest number of lists (402, 404, 431, 406, 408, 410, 412 and 440 to 447) all correspond to the same processing characteristics (choice of input/output interface and/or choice of processing pilot configuration).

To this end, starting from 15 (since there are fifteen characteristics considered), the number of characteristics considered is progressively decremented and documents are sought which are situated in said number of lists (402, 404, 431, 406, 408, 410 or 412 and 440 to 447) until there is at least one of them.

5                   When the result of test 413 is negative, that is to say when no document belongs to a list or when at least two documents which belong to the largest number of lists correspond either to different printers or to different printer configurations, an operation 414 consists of making a list, referenced 414, of the documents which belong to the largest number of lists, that is to say documents which respond to the largest number of the fifteen tests 401, 10 403, 430, 405, 407, 409 or 411 and the corresponding tests, not shown.

20 Thus, in order to resolve these conflicts, the device according to the invention asks the user the following question, in which are withdrawn the characteristics which correspond to the lists in which there are either all the documents in list 414, or none of them: *"Is it more important to favour word processing, graphics, images, the number of colours, the contrast of the*  
25 *colours, the speed of printing, the resolution of the printing?"*.

30       *"Is it more important to favour the processing of images, the number of colours, the contrast of the colours, the speed of printing and/or the resolution of the printing, the proximity of the printer, the printing time, the printing format, the reduction ratio required, or printing on both sides?"*

Next, preserving only the documents which are in the lists relating to a characteristic considered by the user as of prime importance, at least one document is selected during an operation 417.

Then, during a test 418, it is determined whether or not the  
5 conflicts are resolved, that is to say if there remains more than one document kept.

In the affirmative, operation 415 is performed. In the negative, a test 419 determined whether the user can refine the order, that is to say if it is possible to sort the documents still further or if they all form part of the same  
10 lists.

When the result of test 419 is positive, operation 416 is reiterated. When the result of test 419 is negative, during an operation 420, the document 104 to be printed is treated as a new document, that is to say the user is requested to choose the document processing characteristics, namely,  
15 here:

- the printer which is intended to print it, on the one hand, and
- the configuration of this printer on the other hand.

Thus, during operation 416, the characteristics which are selected by the user allow a new evaluation of the documents in list 414, which are in  
20 conflict, and next, where applicable, the choice of one of these documents whose processing characteristics (choice of input/output interface and/or choice of processing pilot configuration) will be attributed to document 104 in the course of processing.

Following operation 420, the knowledge concerning this document  
25 is associated with the document represented by the list of characteristics 309, in the document database, during the operation 421.

It will be observed that, when the result of test 422 is negative, operation 421 is directly performed, with the processing parameters fixed, by default, during the configuration of the system or software.

In Figure 5, operation 301 (Figure 3) is detailed. A document 104 being considered, test 501 consists of determining whether this document  
30 results:



- from the software suite sold under the trade name "MICROSOFT", known as "MS OFFICE" and including notably the software "Word", "Powerpoint" and "Excel", box 503,

- from the software suite sold by the American company "ADOBE" containing notably the software "Framemaker", "Photoshop" and "Acrobat", box 502, or

- from another software, box 504.

To this end, the file name extension, its system signature and its properties are analysed using known techniques taking into account the structure of the files and the meaning of each of its fields.

In the first case, represented in box 503, test 505 determines whether or not the document considered comes from the wordprocessor "Word". When the result of test 505 is positive, the document has a characteristic of being principally composed of text, the characteristic depicted in box 506.

When the result of test 505 is negative, test 507 determines whether or not the document under consideration comes from the "Powerpoint" presentation software. When the result of test 507 is positive, the document has the characteristic of being principally composed of graphics, the characteristic depicted in box 508.

When the result of test 507 is negative, test 509 determines whether or not the document under consideration comes from the "Excel" spreadsheet. When the result of test 509 is positive, the document has the characteristic of principally composed of text and graphics, the characteristic being depicted in box 510.

Where test 501 determines that the document under consideration comes from the "Adobe" suite, the case depicted in box 502, test 512 determines whether or not the document under consideration comes from the "Framemaker" desktop publishing software. When the result of test 512 is positive, the document has the characteristic of being principally composed of text, the characteristic depicted in box 513.

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5 graphics, the characteristic depicted in box 515.

10 graphics, a characteristic depicted in box 517. It should be noted here that, during operation 308, the characteristic determined is stored in the list of characteristics 309.

15 (Figure 3) is performed directly. Following a positive result to one of tests 505, 507, 509, 512, 514 or 516 or following a negative result to one of the tests 509 or 516, operation 302 is performed.

the structure corresponding to the register of the printer pilot under consideration. Next, test 602 consists of determining whether or not the printer pilot is up to date. To this end, the current version is compared with the last version on the pilot database, according to known techniques.

25 updating the pilot is performed, replacing the pilot already installed with its new version. When the result of test 602 is positive or after the operation 605, operation 603 consists of recording, in the pilot registers, the parameters of the required configuration, and the references of the new version of the pilot. The pilot is then configured (box 604).

30 Figure 7 details the operation 101 illustrated in Figures 1 and 6.

Operation 701 consists of determining the version of the current pilot, according to known techniques.

Operation 702 next consists of interrogating the pilot database, situated at a distance, in order to obtain therefrom, in return, the date of the most recent pilot version (operation 703).

Operation 704 consists, when the date of the most recent version  
5 is different from the date of the current version, of gaining access to the pilot server. Operation 102 (Figure 1) then consists of downloading the required pilot and installing the pilot, according to known techniques which are not detailed here.

Figure 8 depicts the main components of an electronic device 801  
10 implementing the present invention. This device 801 has an architecture which is known in the field of programmable electronic systems, based on the use of components connected together by a bus 802 and a central unit 800 controlled by a program, a simplified algorithm of which was presented with regard to Figures 1 to 7.

15 For example, these elements are conjointly associated in a personal computer 100, of a known type, for example of the type functioning with a PENTIUM microprocessor 800 from the American company INTEL which has at least a random access memory, a read only memory, a screen 806, a mouse 810 and a keyboard 811.

20 An input/output port 803 receives the binary information coming from the user, by means of a keyboard 811, a mouse 810, a touch screen (not shown) or any other communication means, and transmits them, under the control of the central unit 800, to a random access memory RAM 804. In addition, the input/output port 803 transmits, under the control of the central  
25 unit 800:

- to one of the printers 807 and 809, the data frames intended to control the printer selected in order to print the document 104, and
- to the screen 806, the data intended to be displayed.

The random access memory RAM 804, of a known type, contains  
30 registers intended to receive parameters, variables, digital data and intermediate processing values, as well as the databases mentioned above.

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A read only memory ROM 805, of a known type, stores the program which enables the device to operate and, in particular, for the central unit 800. The central unit 800, of a known type, for example consisting of a microcontroller, controls the functioning of the main components of the information transmission device.

In the second embodiment described and depicted with regards to figs 9 to 11B, the file processing consists of an application for printing data represented by this file. The invention also applies, however, to any data storage processing, data transmission processing or data display processing, with or without data compression.

Figure 9 depicts the main components of an electronic device 901 implementing the present invention. This device 901 has an architecture which is known in the field of programmable electronic systems, based on the use of components connected together by a bus 902 and of a central unit 900 controlled by a program, a simplified algorithm of which is presented in connection with Figure 10.

For example, these elements are conjointly associated in a personal computer, of a known type, for example of a type operating with a PENTIUM 900 (registered trade mark) microprocessor from the American company INTEL (registered trade mark), which contains at least one random access memory 904, a non-volatile memory 905, a screen 906, a mouse 910 and a keyboard 911.

An input/output port 903 receives the digital information coming from the user, by means of the keyboard 911, the mouse 910, a tactile screen (not shown) or any other communication means, and transmits it, under the control of the central unit 900, to a random access memory RAM 904. In addition, the input/output port 903 transmits, under the control of the central unit 900:

- to one of the printers 907, which is a monochrome laser printer, or 909, which is an ink jet printer using different operating modes, some of which are adapted to monochrome printing and others to polychrome printing, the

data frames intended to control the printer selected in order to print each page of the document to be printed, and

- to the screen 906, the data intended to be displayed.

The random access memory RAM 904, of a known type, contains  
5 registers intended to receive parameters, variables, digital data and intermediate processing values, as well as the data bases mentioned above.

The non-volatile memory 905, of a known type, stores the program which enables the device and, in particular, the central unit 900, to operate. The central unit 900, of a known type, for example consisting of a  
10 microcontroller, controls the operation of the principal components of the information transmission device.

In Figure 10, operations and tests successively performed by the central unit 900 for implementing the present invention can be seen.

During an operation 1001, the central unit initialises the device  
15 illustrated in Figure 9, by implementing, for example, the known procedures for starting up the WINDOWS 95 (registered trade mark) operating system.

During an operation 1002, the user enters an instruction for printing a file "*file*" stored in the non-volatile memory 905, using the mouse 910 or keyboard 911.

20 During an operation 1003, the central unit 900 determines a first quantity related to the document under consideration: the number of pages represented by the file "*file*". To this end, the central unit 900 accesses a segment of the file "*file*" where this information is disposed, or, according to a variant, opens an application able to permit the printing of the said file,  
25 formats the said file and collects the number of pages determined by the said application.

During an operation 1004, the central unit 900 determines a second quantity related to the document under consideration: the size of the file "*file*", in numbers of bytes. To this end, the central unit 900 access a  
30 segment of the file "*file*" where this information is disposed, or, according to a variant, reads the file "*file*" and counts the number of bytes read.

During an operation 1005, the central unit determines a first index of the content of the file "*file*" by comparing the ratio of the number of pages represented by the file "*file*" to the number of bytes in this file, on the one hand, with two predetermined thresholds on the other hand.

5 This is because the inventor has discovered that the said ratio is low, and generally less than 0.01 for a file content including images, between 0.01 and 0.1 for contents of a file including graphics and texts, and greater than 0.1 for contents of a file including only texts.

10 The content thus determined is stored in the register "*content*" of the random access memory 904.

During an operation 1006, the central unit 900 re-zeros a counter "*duration*" of the random access memory 104, initiates the incrementation of the counter "*duration*" by the clock (not shown) of the computer system and starts the functioning of data compression software acting on the file "*file*" in  
15 its initial form. In the embodiment described and depicted, the compression algorithm is the algorithm "*zip*", implemented in the well known software packages "*winzip*", and "*GZIP*" available in the main so-called "public domain" software data bases (software packages known to persons skilled in the art under their generic English term "freeware" or "shareware").

20 During an operation 1007, the central unit 900 completes the compression of the file "*file*" and stops the incrementation of the file "*duration*".

The operations 1006 and 1007 thus make it possible to determine two quantities related to the document under consideration: a degree of  
25 compression and a period necessary for compression.

During an operation 1008, the central unit 900 determines a second index of the content of the file "*file*" by comparing the degree of compression obtained using the data compression software on the file "*file*", on the one hand, with two predetermined thresholds on the other hand.

30 This is because the inventor has discovered that the said degree is low, and, for example with the algorithm of the "*zip*" compression software, is generally below 0.20 for a file content including images, between 0.20 and

0.45 for file contents including graphics and texts, and greater than 0.45 for file contents including only texts.

The content thus determined is stored in the register "*content*" of the random access memory 904, without erasing the content index already stored.

Then, during an operation 1009, the central unit 900 determines a third content index of the file "*file*" by comparing the time necessary for compression, a time obtained by using the data compression software on the file "*file*" on the one hand, with two predetermined thresholds on the other hand.

This is because the inventor discovered that the said time is relatively short, and generally less than 10 seconds for a file content including images, between 10 and 30 seconds for file contents including graphics and texts and greater than 30 seconds for file contents which include only texts.

In order to determine the values given above, as well as with regard to the operation 1012, the inventors used the following computer configuration :

- a so-called "IBM PC compatible" computer containing an INTEL PENTIUM processor, with a 100 megahertz clock speed (IBM, INTEL PENTIUM are registered trade marks), and a 16 megabyte random access memory RAM,

- using the WINDOWS 95 operating system sold by MICROSOFT (WINDOWS, WINDOWS 95 AND MICROSOFT are registered trade marks), and

- document sets commonly referred to as "Benchmarks".

The content thus determined is stored in the register "*content*" of the random access memory 904, without erasure of the content indices already stored.

Then, during an operation 1010, the central unit 900 re-zeros a counter "*duration*" of the random access memory 904, initiates the incrementation of the counter "*duration*" by the clock (not shown) of the computer system and starts the operation of an integrated software package

(word processing, graphics software) in order to open the file “file”, that is to say to make the content thereof accessible to the user.

During an operation 1011, the central unit 900 completes the opening of the file “file” and stops the incrementation of the file “duration”.

5           The operations 1010 and 1011 thus make it possible to determine  
a quantity related to the document under consideration: a time of opening of  
the documents by a predetermined application.

During an operation 1012, the central unit 900 determines a fourth content index for the file "file" by comparing the opening time obtained using the integrated software on the file "file" on the one hand, with two predetermined thresholds on the other hand.

This is because the inventor discovered that the said time is small, and, for example with the integrated software known as "WORD" (registered trade mark) sold under the brand name "MICROSOFT", it is generally less than 30 seconds for a file content including images, between 30 seconds and 1 minute for file contents including graphics and texts and greater than 1 minute for file contents including only texts.

The content thus determined is stored in the register "*content*" of the random access memory 904, without erasure of the content indices already stored.

During a test 1013, the central unit 900 determines whether or not the content of the file "file" can be determined, seeking whether at least three of the four content indices represent the same content. When the result of the test 1013 is positive, during an operation 1014, the content of the file is deemed to be identical to the identical value for at least three of the content industries.

Then the choice of the printer which is most suited to the printing of the assumed content of the file is made, operation 1015, and the configuration of the pilot of this printer is carried out, operation 1016, taking account of the content of the file "file". To this end, when each printer is installed, a question is posed to the user for the latter to indicate, according to



Next, the document is printed by the said printer in the said configuration, and then the central unit returns to the operation 1001.

Next, during the test 1019, the central unit 900 determines whether or not the last page has been considered. When the result of the test 1019 is positive, the operation 1001 is reiterated. When the result of the test 1019 is negative, during an operation 1020, for the page under consideration of the document represented by the file “file”, the possible contents are reinitialised, and, during the single operation 1020, operations identical to the operation 1004 to 1012 are performed on the page under consideration.

When the result of the test 1021 is positive, during an operation 1022, the content of the file is deemed to be identical to the identical value of these three indices. Then, during an operation 1023, the central unit 900 chooses the printer which is best suited to the printing of the assumed content of the page under consideration.

Next, the central unit 900 configures the pilot of this printer which is most suited to the printing of the page under consideration, operation 1024, and then the central unit initiates the printing of the page under consideration with the said printer and the said configuration, operation 1025, and returns to the operation 1019.

When the result of the test 1021 is negative, for the page under consideration, the printer is chosen by default, operation 1026, the configuration is chosen by default, operation 1027, and the page under consideration is printed, operation 1028. Then the operation 1019 is reiterated.

It will be observed here that the operations 1003, 1004, 1006, 1007, 1010, 1011 and 1020 may include a scrutinising of all the data of the document which are directly accessible to the user, without having to use a software application able to allow the user to modify neither the data nor the content of the said document.

According to an embodiment of the invention which is not shown, the processing performed on the data of the document is a data compression, the compression algorithm being chosen as a function of the content of the document. It is known, in fact, that some document compression algorithms (for example with discreet Furrier transform) are more effective for images whilst other compression algorithms (for example of the "zip" type disclosed above) are more effective for texts and drawings.

Figure 11A depicts a flow diagram for determining thresholds liable to be used in the flow diagram illustrated in Figure 10, this flow diagram being intended to supply thresholds and other data stored in the non-volatile memory of the device illustrated in Figure 9.

After an operation 1101 of initialising a device as illustrated in Figure 9, during an operation 1102, the following document, in a predetermined list of documents, is considered, knowing that, at the first iteration of the operation 1102, it is the first document in this list which is considered.

During an index determination operation 1103, the four content indices are determined, as disclosed above.

During an operation 1104, the central unit 900 causes the display, on the screen 906, of the question:

*"Is the content of this document mainly text, drawing or image?"*,

then stores the response given, by the user, by means of the keyboard 911 or mouse 910, in a known fashion, associated with the value of the four content indices.

During a test 1105, the central unit 900 determines whether or not the last document in the list has been considered.

When the result of the test 1105 is negative, the operation 1102 is reiterated. When the result of the test 1105 is positive, during an operation 1106, in succession:

- for all the documents whose content, given during the operation 1104, is of the "text" type, for each index, the means of the values of the said index are determined and given a weighting coefficient equal to the number of documents in question,

- for all the documents whose content, given during the operation 1104, is of the "drawing" type, for each index, the means of the values of the said index are determined and given a weighting coefficient equal to the number of documents in question, and

- for all the documents whose contents, given during the operation 1104, is of the "image" type, for each index, the means of the values of the said index are determined and given a weighting coefficient equal to the number of documents in question.

During an operation 1107, for each index, the means are put in their ascending order and the first threshold is determined at the median value between the two lowest mean values whereas a second threshold is determined as being equal to the median value between the two highest mean values.

For example, if, for the first index, the following documents have been given a value given in the following table:

<u>Document content</u>	<u>First index value</u>
text	0.1
text	0.2
text	0.3

	drawing	0.05
	drawing	0.03
	drawing	0.07
	image	0.005
5	image	0.003
	image	0.001

whereas the means of the values of the first index, and their weighting, for each type of content, are:

10	content	mean	weighting
	text	0.2	3
	drawing	0.05	3
	image	0.003	3

15 and the thresholds are equal to:

$(3 \times 0.2 + 3 \times 0.05) / 6 = 0.125$  (threshold which separates the text from the drawings) and

$(3 \times 0.05 + 3 \times 0.003) / 6 = 0.0265$  (threshold which separates the drawings from the images).

20 During an operation 1108, the values of the means of the indices, weighting coefficients and thresholds are stored.

Then the operation of the device is interrupted, operation 1109.

Figure 11B depicts a threshold correction flow diagram, taking into account the content defects indicated by the user of the device illustrated in Figure 9.

25 After an operating sequence illustrated in Figures 10A and 10B, operation 1110, when the user uses the keyboard for indicating that a content error has been made, using the keyboard 911 or mouse 910, during an operation 1111, the central unit 900 causes the display, on the screen 906 of the question:

*"Is the content of this document mainly text, drawing or image?"*,

then stores the response given, by the user, by means of the keyboard 911 or mouse 910 in a known fashion, associated with the value of the four content indices.

Next, during an operation 1112, new means, new weighting  
5 coefficients and new thresholds are determined and stored, as disclosed above, with regard to operations 1106 to 1108.

It will be understood that the correction mode illustrated in Figure 11B, which takes into account the errors committed by the device according to the invention when it implements the method of the invention with the  
10 thresholds which have been determined, at the manufacturer of the patented products, as illustrated in Figure 11A, makes it possible to improve the determination of the content of the document.

The scope of the invention is not limited to the embodiments  
described and depicted but quite the contrary extends to any modifications  
15 and improvements within the capability of persons skilled in the art.

CLAIMS

1. Device (801) for determining conditions for processing  
liable to be carried out on data in a file (104), by at least one input/output  
5 means (111, 807, 809) which modulates a physical quantity, characterised in  
that it has:

- a means (800, 804, 805) of determining the semantics of the  
processing of the said data, and

- a configuration determination means (800, 804, 805)  
10 adapted, without modifying the said data, to take into account the semantics  
of the said processing of the said data in order to determine the configuration  
of the pilot of the input/output means designed to implement this processing.

2. Device according to Claim 1, characterised in that:

- the processing is able to be carried out by at least two  
15 input/output means (807, 809), and

- the pilot configuration used by the determination means  
(800, 804, 805) includes the selection of the input/output means intended to  
implement the said processing.

3. Device according to either one of Claims 1 or 2,  
characterised in that:

- it has a means (800, 804, 805, 806, 810, 811) of dialoguing  
with the user adapted to transmit questions to the user and to receive  
25 information from him in response, and

- the configuration determination means (800, 804, 805) is  
also adapted to take into account the information received in response from  
the user in order to determine the pilot configuration.

4. Device according to Claim 3, characterised in that it has a  
memory (804) adapted to store information received in response from the  
user.

5. Device according to Claim 4, characterised in that the said memory (804) is adapted also to store, associated with each item of information received, an item of information representing the user who supplied it.

6. Device according to either one of Claims 4 or 5, characterised in that the said memory (804) is adapted also to store, associated with each item of information received, an item of information representing the document concerned.

7. Device according to any one of Claims 1 to 6, characterised in that it has a pilot updating means (800, 804, 805) adapted:

- on the one hand to detect that a pilot of the input/output means intended to implement the said processing is not available or is not up to date in a memory (804), and
- on the other hand, to read the said pilot in another memory.

8. Device according to any one of Claims 1 to 7, characterised in that:

- it has a means (800, 804, 805) of checking the availability of input/output means adapted to transmit an item of information representing unavailability for the processing of the said data, when the means (807) intended to process the said data is not available for this purpose; and
- the determination means (800, 804, 805) is adapted to take into account the unavailability information in order to determine the configuration of another input/output means (809) able to implement the said processing of the said data.

9. Device for determining the conditions of a processing liable to be carried out on data of a document, by at least one input/output means (907, 909) which uses a physical quantity, characterised in that it has:

- a means of determining at least two quantities related to the said document (900, 904, 905),

- a means of estimating the content of this document (900, 904, 905), adapted to take into account each said quantity, and

5       - a configuration determination means (900, 904, 905) adapted to take into account the content of the document in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement this processing.

10       10. Device according to Claim 9, characterised in that the quantity determination means is adapted to scrutinise data of the said document which are directly accessible to a user.

15       11. Device according to either one of Claims 9 or 10, characterised in that the quantity determination means is adapted to function without using a software application able to make it possible to modify the content of the said document.

20       12. Device according to any one of Claims 9 to 11, characterised in that the quantity determination means is adapted to read at least one quantity in a file.

13. Device according to any one of Claims 9 to 12, characterised in that:

25       - the processing can be carried out by at least two input/output means (907, 909) and

- the pilot configuration determination means is adapted to select an input/output means designed to implement the said process.

30       14. Device according to any one of Claims 9 to 13, characterised in that the quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the said



quantities represents the number of pages in the document represented by the said document.

15. Device according to any one of Claims 9 to 14, characterised in that the quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the said quantities represents the number of digital information items in the said document.

16. Device according to any one of Claims 9 to 15, characterised in that the quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the said quantities represents a time taken to open the said document by software able to modify the content thereof.

17. Device according to any one of Claims 9 to 16, characterised in that the quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the said quantities represents a degree of compression able to be obtained on the said document using predetermined compression software.

18. Device according to any one of Claims 9 to 17, characterised in that quantity determination means is adapted so that one of the said quantities represents a period of time necessary for the compression of the said document, by predetermined compression software.

19. Device according to any one of Claims 9 to 18, characterised in that it includes a means of determining parts (900, 904, 905) of the said document, and in that:

- the determination means is adapted to determine at least two quantities relating to each of the said parts,
- the content estimation means is adapted to estimate the content of each of the said parts, taking into account each said quantity relating to the said part, and

- the configuration determination means is adapted to take into account the content of the said part in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement this processing on the said part.

5

20. Printer, characterised in that it has a device according to any one of Claims 1 to 19.

10

21. Facsimile machine, characterised in that it has a device according to any one of Claims 1 to 19.

15

22. Modulator-demodulator, characterised in that it has a device according to any one of Claims 1 to 19.

23. Display screen, characterised in that it has a device according to any one of Claims 1 to 19.

20

24. Photographic apparatus, characterised in that it has a device according to any one of Claims 1 to 19.

25. Camera having an image sensor, characterised in that it includes a device according to any one of Claims 1 to 19.

25

26. Method for determining conditions for processing liable to be carried out on data in a file (104), by at least one input/output means (111, 807, 809) which modulates a physical quantity, characterised in that it has:

- a step (105, 106) of determining the semantics of the processing of the said data, and

30

- a configuration determination step (107) during which, without modifying the said data (104), the semantics of the said processing of the said data is taken into account in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means designed to implement this processing.

27. Method according to Claim 26, characterised in that:

- the processing is able to be carried out by at least two input/output means (807, 809), and

5       - the pilot configuration determination operation (107) includes a step of selection of the input/output means intended to implement the said processing.

28. Method according to either one of Claims 26 or 27,  
10 characterised in that:

- it includes an operation (105) of dialoguing with the user during which questions are transmitted to the user and information is received from him in response, and

15       - the configuration determination operation (107) also includes taking into account the information received in response from the user in order to determine the pilot configuration.

29. Method according to Claim 28, characterised in that it includes a step (105, 207) of storing information received in response from  
20 the user.

30. Method according to Claim 29, characterised in that the said storage step (207) also includes associating, with each item of information received, and item of information representing the user who  
25 supplied it.

31. Method according to either one of Claims 29 or 30, characterised in that the said storage step (207) also includes associating, with each item of information received, an item of information representing the  
30 document concerned.

5

- 5

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- 25

30

- an operation of determining at least two quantities related to the said document (1003, 1004, 1006, 1007, 1010, 1011, 1020)
  - an operation of estimating the content of this document, taking into account each said quantity (1005, 1008, 1009, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1020, 1022), and
  - a configuration determination operation (1015, 1016, 1023, 1024)
- during which the content of the document is taken into account in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement this processing.

35. Method according to Claim 34, characterised in that the quantity determination operation includes an operation of scrutinising (1003, 1004, 1006, 1007, 1010, 1011, 1020) the data of the said document which are directly accessible to a user.

36. Method according to either one of Claims 34 or 35, characterised in that the quantity determination operation (1003, 1004, 1006, 1007, 1020) can be carried out without having to use a software application able to make it possible to modify the content of the said document.

37. Method according to any one of Claims 34 to 36, characterised in that the quantity determination operation includes an operation (1003, 1004, 1007) of reading at least one quantity in a file.

38. Method according to any one of Claims 34 to 37, characterised in that:

- the processing is able to be carried out by at least two input/output means (907, 909) and
- the pilot configuration determination operation includes an operation (1015, 1023) of selecting the input/output means intended to implement the said processing.

39. Method according to any one of Claims 34 to 38, characterised in that, during the quantity determination operation (1003), one of the said quantities represents the number of pages in the document represented by the said document.

40. Method according to any one of Claims 34 to 39, characterised in that, during the quantity determination operation (1004), one of the said quantities represents the number of digital information items in the said document.

41. Method according to any one of Claims 34 to 40, characterised in that during the quantity determination operation (1010, 1011) one of the said quantities represents a time taken to open the said document by software able to modify the content thereof.

42. Method according to any one of the Claims 34 to 41, characterised in that during the quantity determination operation (1006, 1007) one of the said quantities represents a degree of compression able to be obtained on the said document by using predetermined compression software.

43. Method according to any one of the Claims 34 to 42, characterised in that during the quantity determination operation (1006, 1007) one of the said quantities represents a time necessary for the compression of the said document, by predetermined compression software.

44. Method according to any one of Claims 34 to 43, characterised in that it includes an operation (1017, 1025) of printing the said document.

45. Method according to any one of Claims 34 to 43, characterised in that it includes an operation of compressing the data representing the said document.

46. Method according to any one of Claims 34 to 45, characterised in that it includes an operation of determining parts of the document (1018) and, for each of the said parts:

- an operation of determining at least two quantities related to the said part (1020),
- an operation of estimating the content of the said part (1021, 1022), taking into account each quantity related to the said part, and

- a configuration determination operation (1023, 1024) during which the content of the said part is taken into account in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement this processing on the said part.

5

47. Method according to Claim 46, characterised in that, during the part determination operation (1018), pages of the document are determined.

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## TITLE OF THE INVENTION

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"Method and device for controlling data processing"

## TEXT OF THE ABSTRACT

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The device according to the invention determines conditions for a processing liable to be carried out on data in a file, by at least one input/output means.

To this end, it has:

- a means of determining the semantics of the processing of the said data, and
- a configuration determination means adapted, without modifying the said data, to take into account the semantics of the said processing of the said data in order to determine the configuration of the pilot of the input/output means intended to implement this processing.

(Figure 1)



1/13

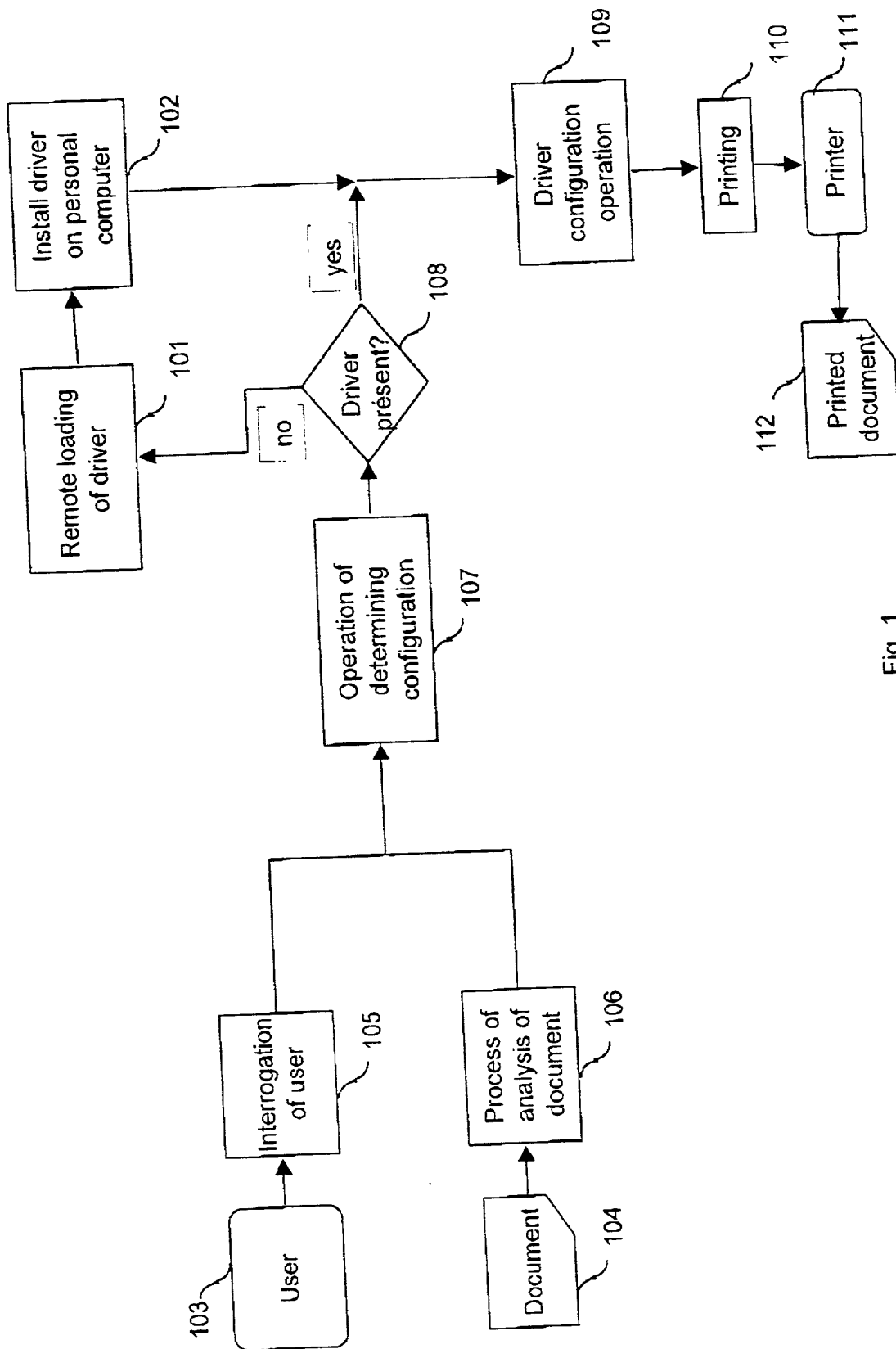


Fig. 1

Patent E 3032260

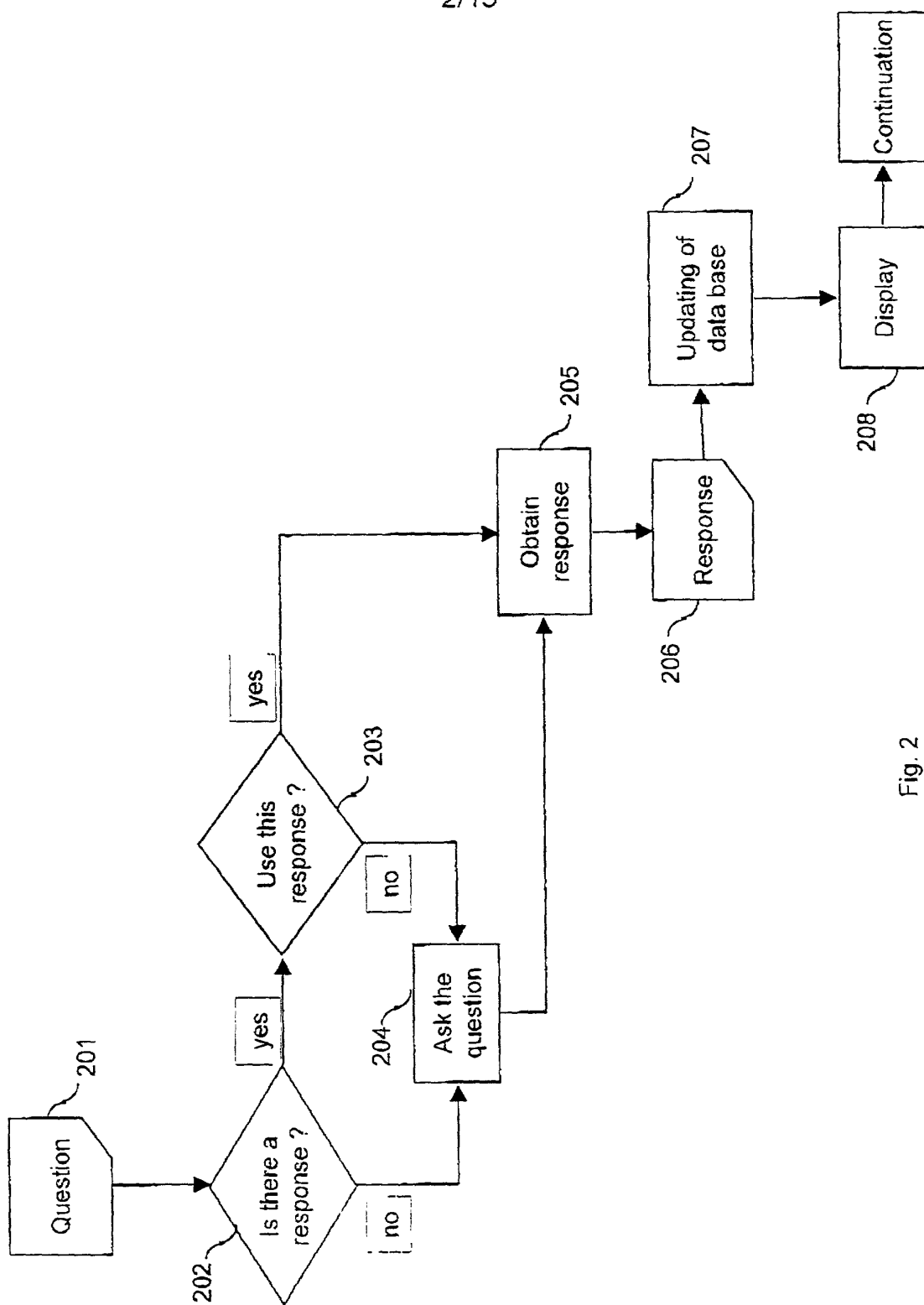


Fig. 2

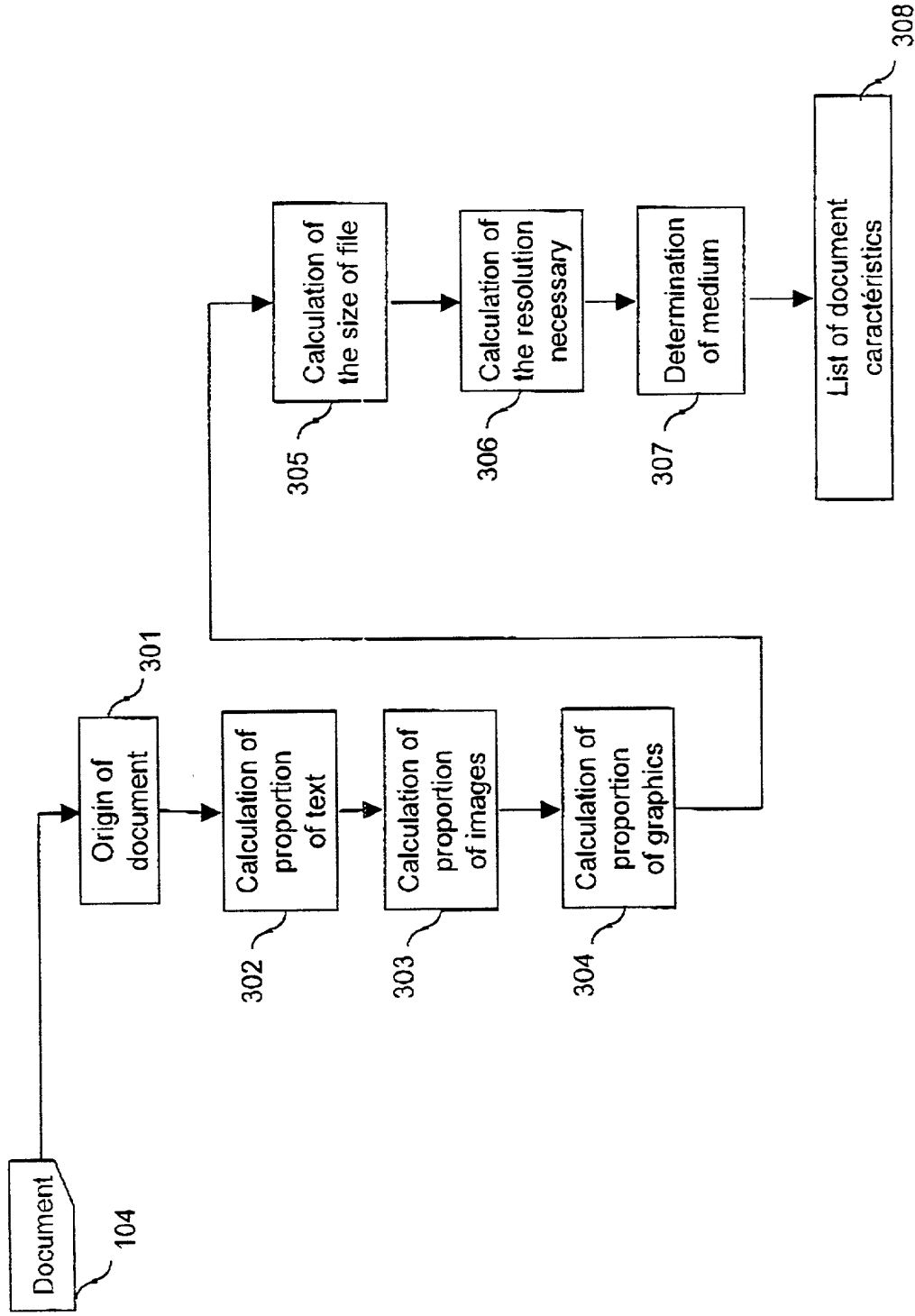


Fig. 3

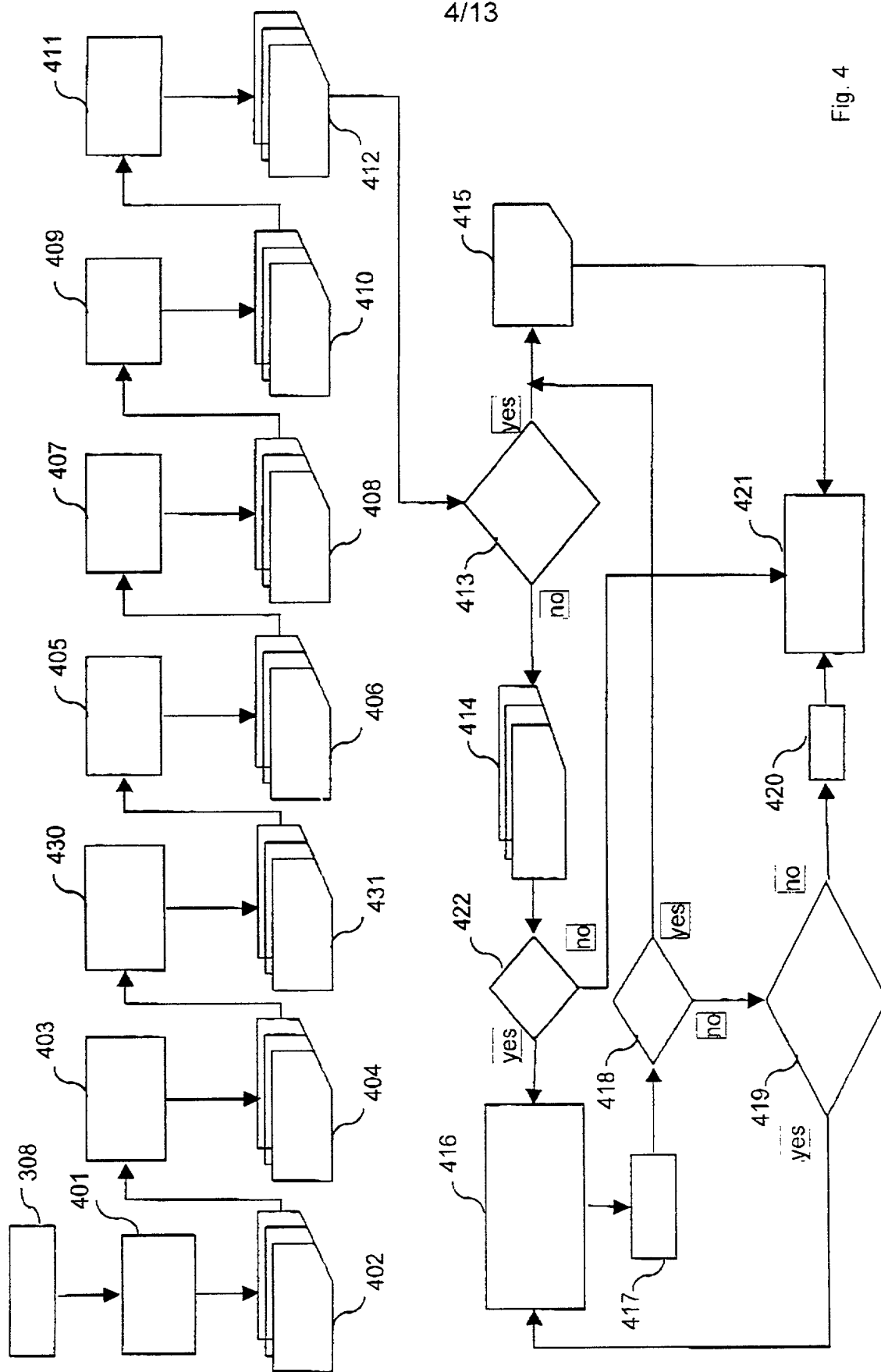


Fig. 4

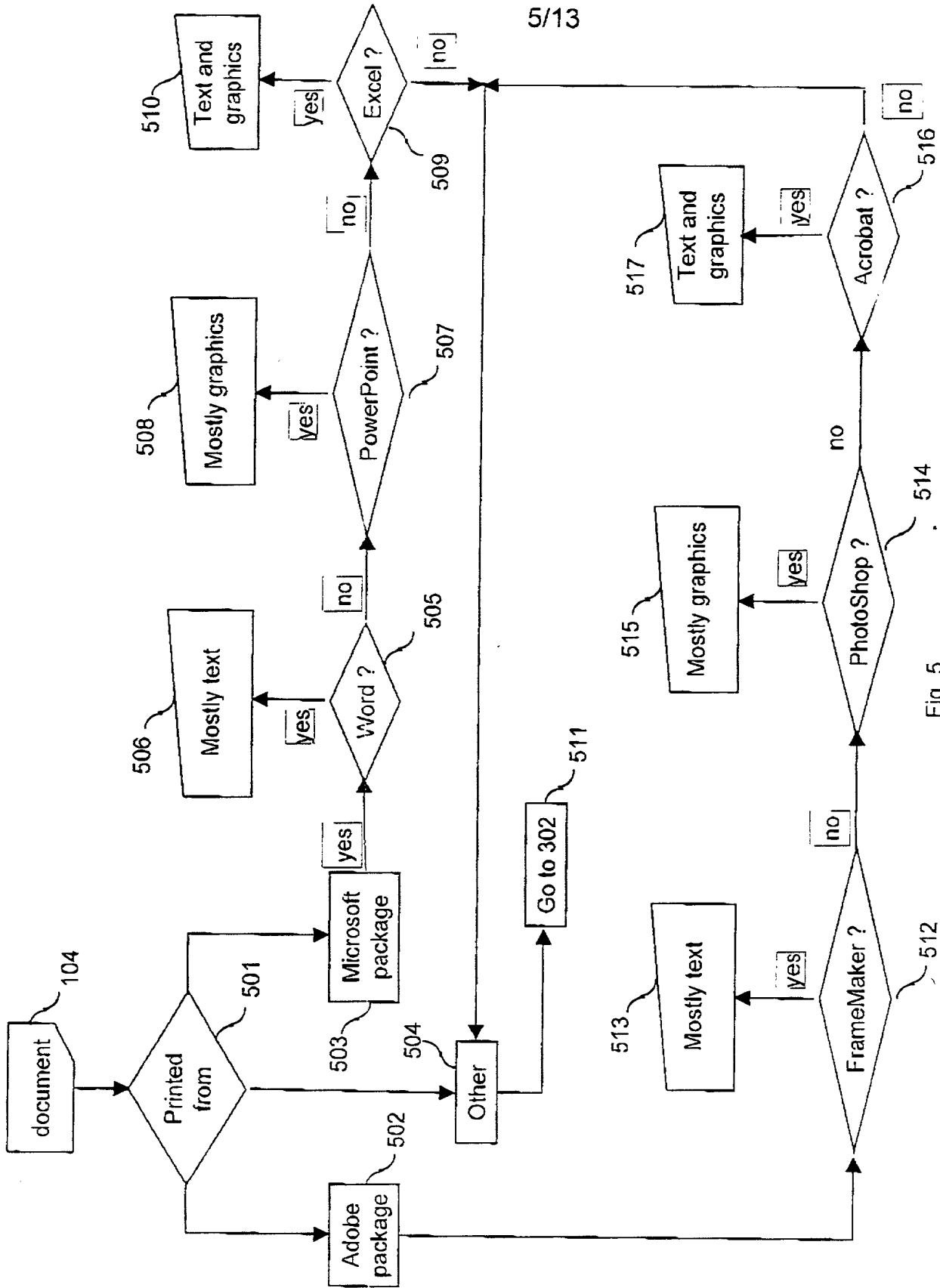


Fig. 5

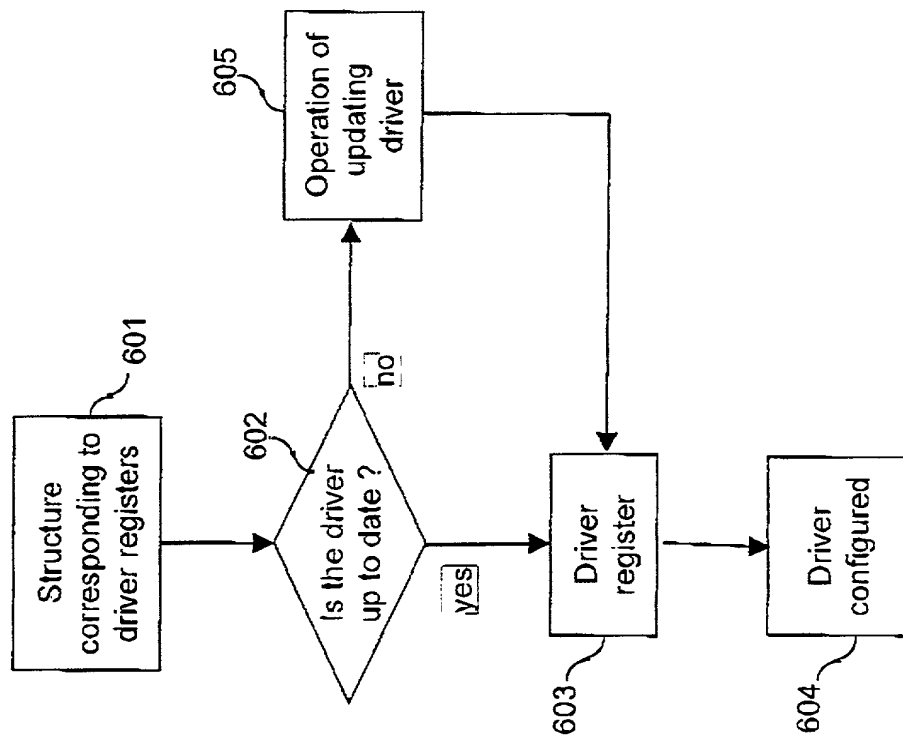


Fig. 6

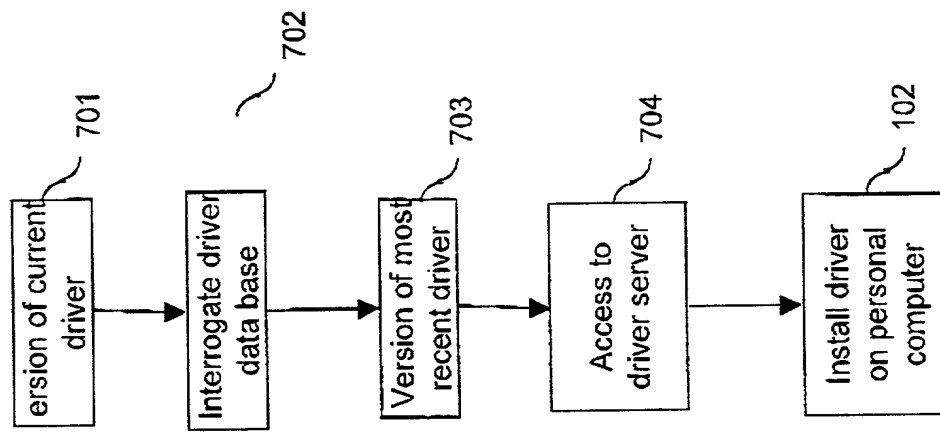


Fig. 7

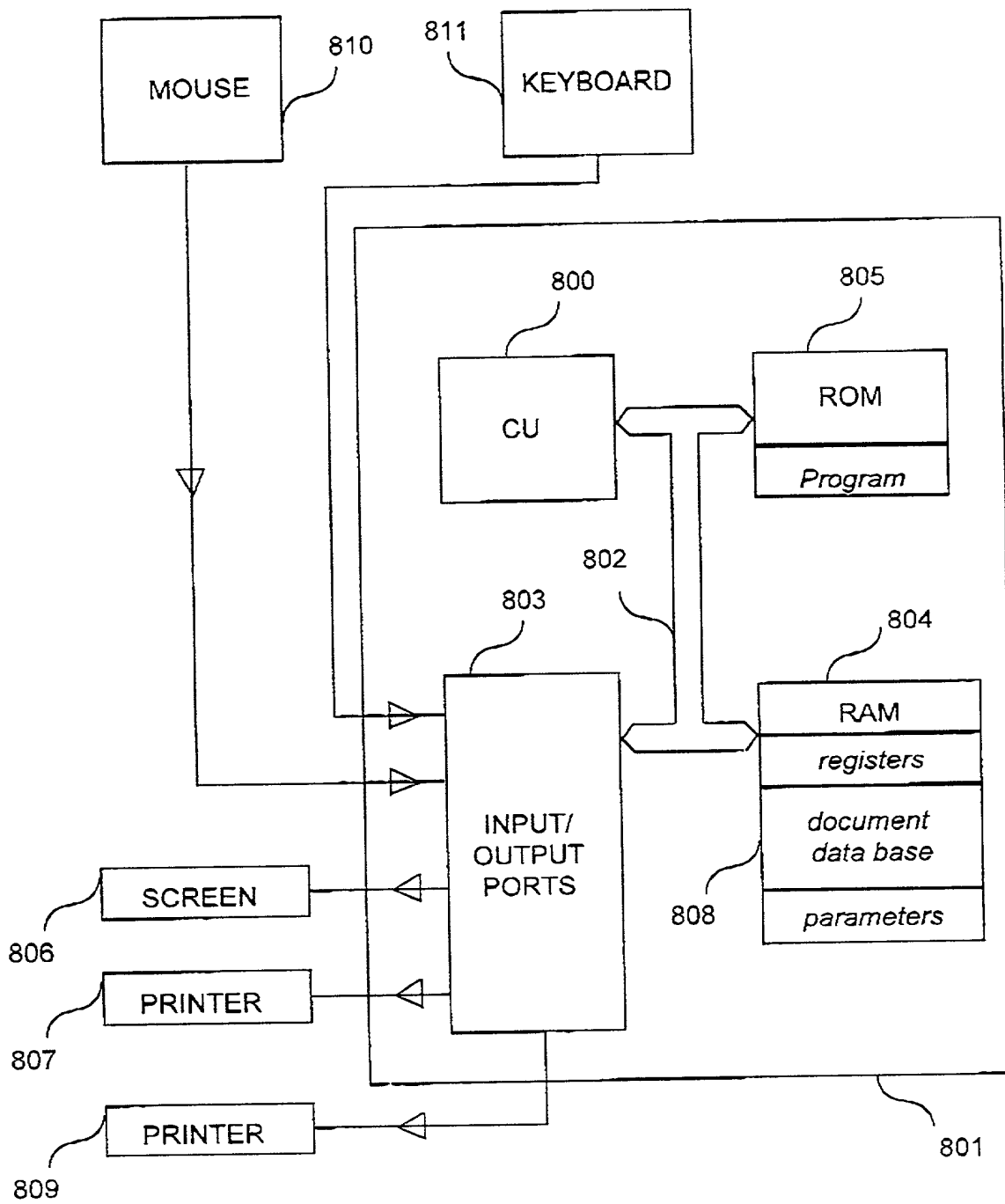


Fig. 8



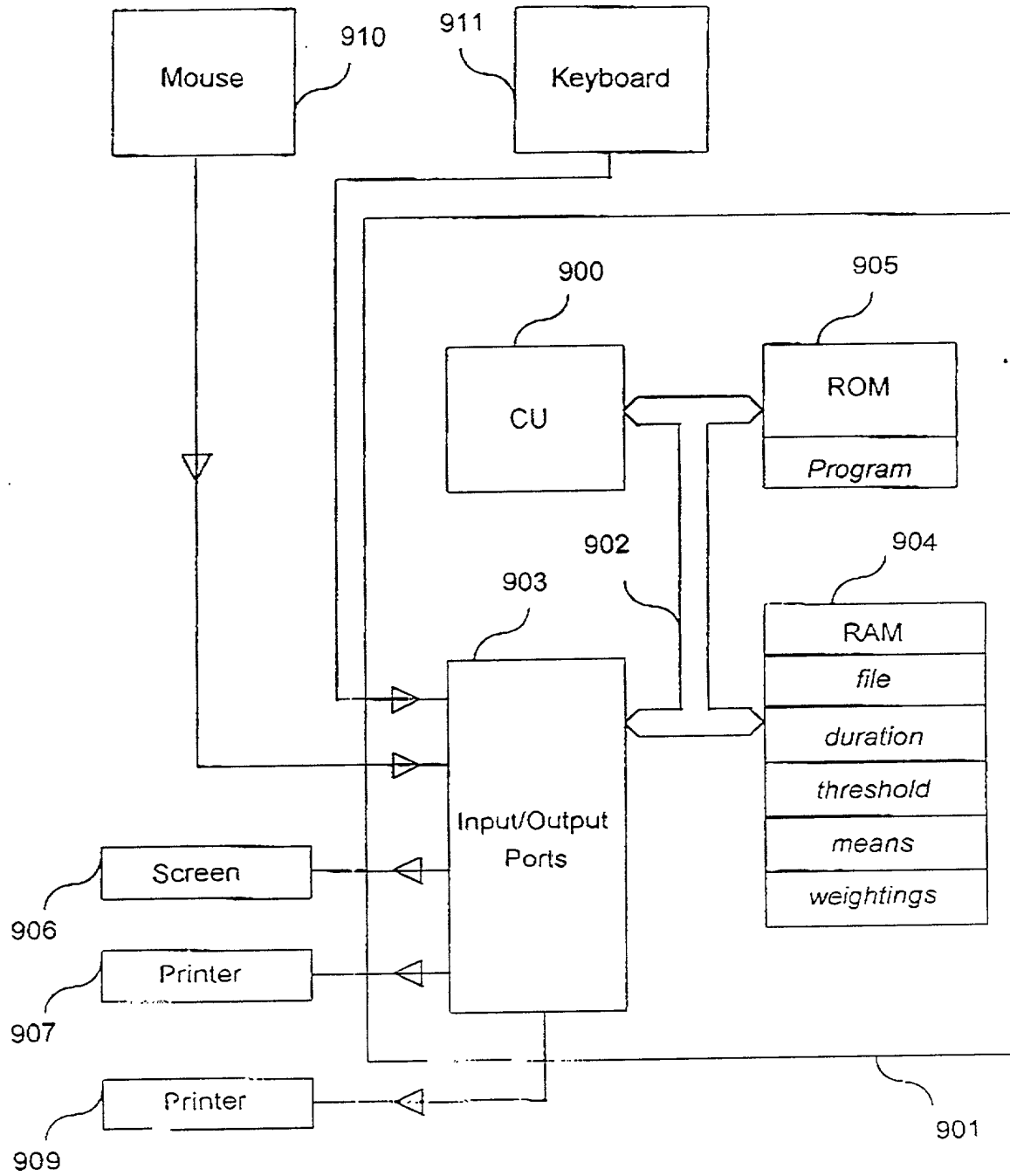


Fig. 9

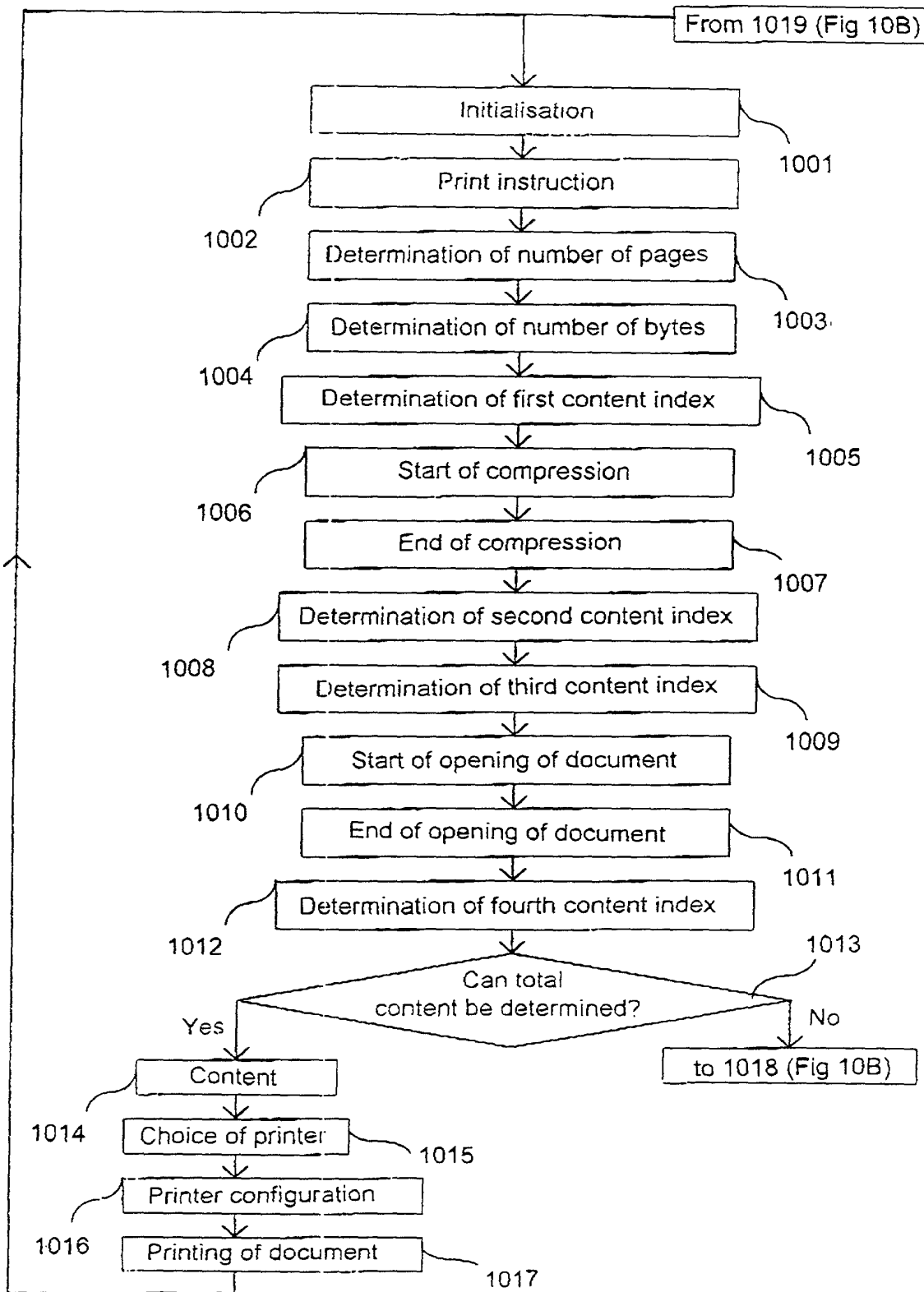


Fig. 10A

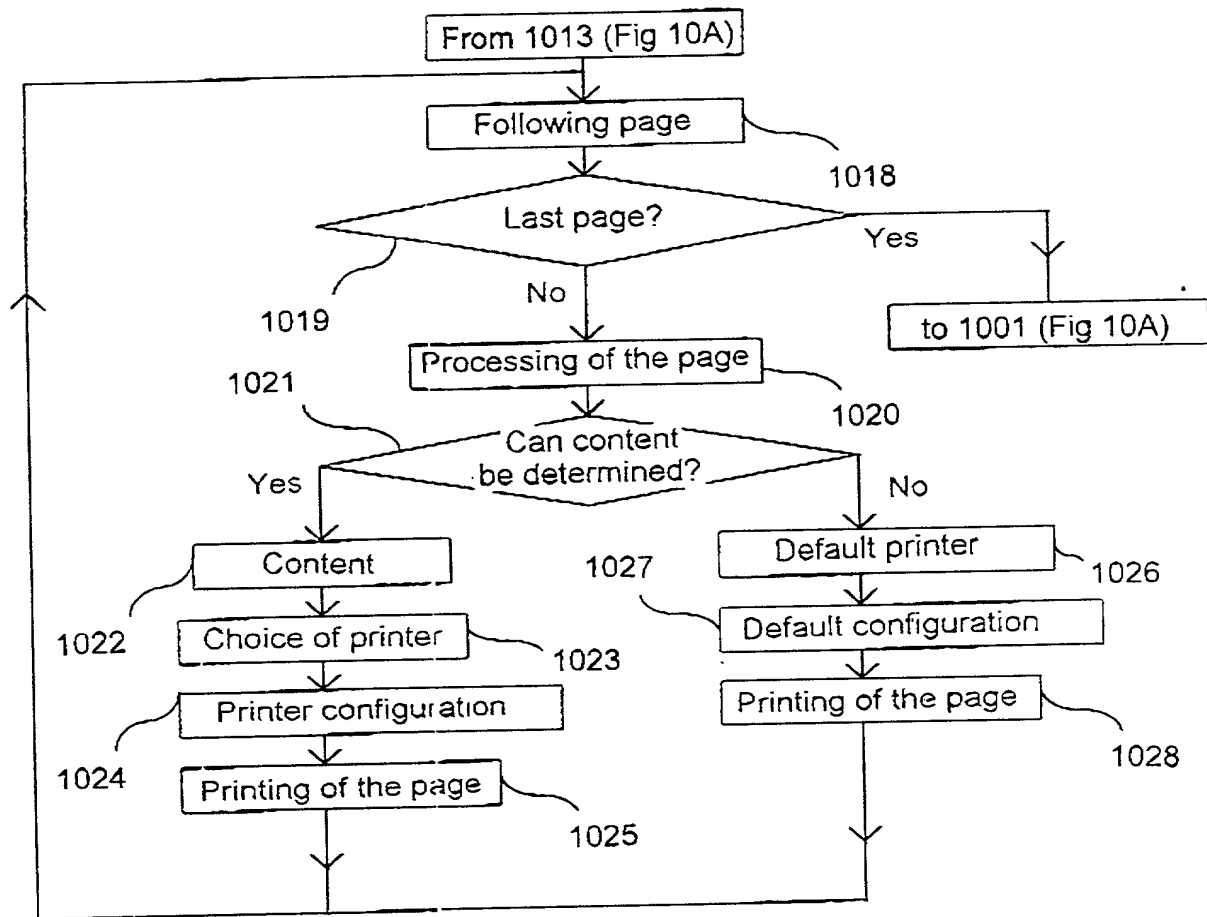


Fig. 10B

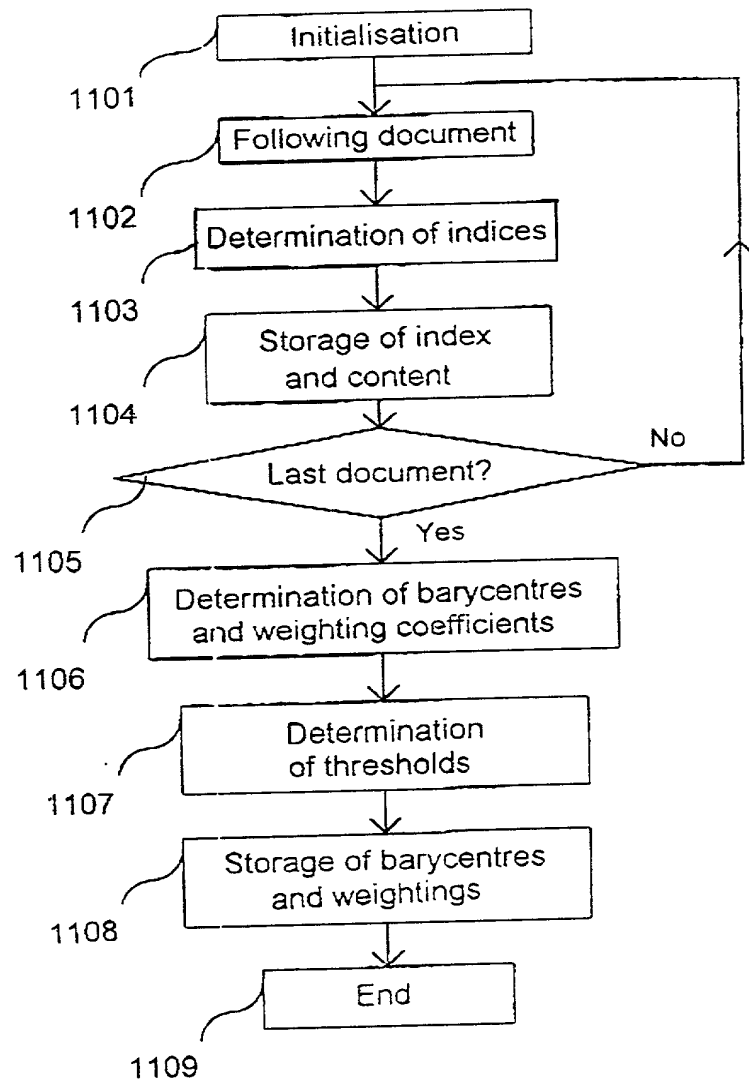


Fig. 11A

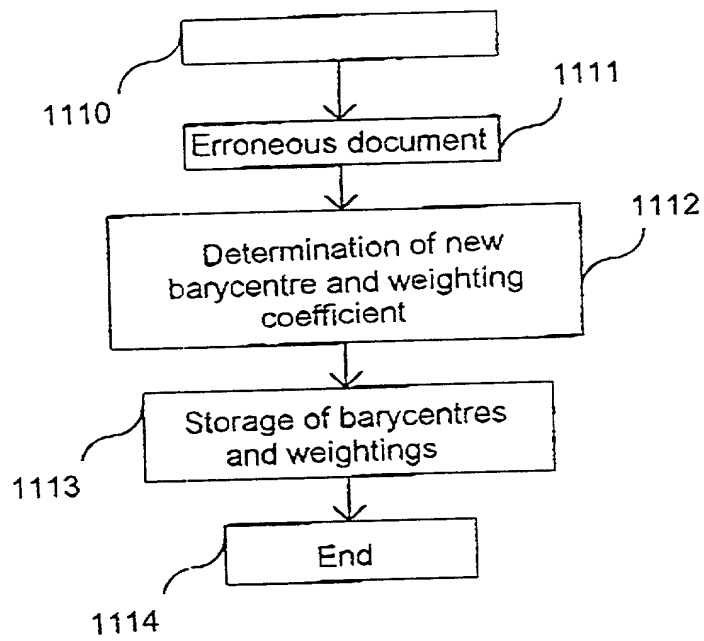


Fig. 11B

**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

(Page 1)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled METHOD AND DEVICE FOR COTNROLLING DATA PROCESSING

the specification of which ☒ is attached hereto ☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application No. \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or §365(b), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT international application which designates at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Country	Application No.	Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)	(Yes/No) Priority Claimed
France	No. 9716319	December 23, 1997	Yes
France	No. 9800896	January 28, 1998	Yes

I hereby appoint the practitioners associated with the firm and Customer Number provided below to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and direct that all correspondence be addressed to the address associated with that Customer Number:

**FITZPATRICK, CELLA, HARPER & SCINTO**  
Customer Number: 05514

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full Name of Sole or First Inventor STEPHANE AMARGER

Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

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Residence 35510 Cesson-Sevigne, France

Post Office Address 34, square de la Mare Pavée - 35510 CESSON-SEVIGNE-France

Full Name of Second Joint Inventor, if any FRANCOIS DELUMEAU

Second Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

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